## for the

Northwest Atlantic Fisheries


1970

RESTRICTED

Serial No. 2397
(D.a.69)

ICNAF Res.Doc. 70/19

> ANNUAL MEETING - JUNE 1970
> Spanish Research Report, 1969
> by M.G. Larrafeta and J. Rucabado, Laboratory of Vigo

The present report is based on cod samples from the Spanish trawler "Bochorno" in Subareas 2, 3 and 4. Samples were taken for data on length, age and sex.

Otoliths and sampling data were studied in the Vigo Laboratory of the "Instituto de Investigaciones Pesqueras". Each otolith was read by three persons, and admitted as "good" when at least two readers agreed. A total of 850 otoliths were observed and 627 admitted as good. Total fish measurements 20,236. Total sex determinations 1,547 . Statistics for the Spanish catches were not yet available.

## Subarea 2

## A. Status of the Fisheries

The predominant year-classes were 1963 and 1964 , as in the 1968 samples, but the modal class changed from the 1963 year-class ( 5 age-group) in 1968, and the 1964 one (5 age-group) in 1969.

> B. Special Research Studies

Sixteen samples ( $3,150 \mathrm{cod}$ ) in September, October and November were examined, and 119 age determinations carried out. The average length was 53.3 cm and the average age 5.7 years, ranging from 3 to 11 years.

In Table 1 the length frequency distribution and in Table 2 the age
an are given. composition are given.

Table 1. Length frequencies

| Subarea 2 |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| cm | $\%$ |
| $33-35$ | 2 |
| $36-38$ | 15 |
| $39-41$ | 39 |
| $42-44$ | 84 |
| $45-47$ | 87 |
| $48-50$ | 132 |
| $51-53$ | 134 |
| $54-56$ | 146 |
| $57-59$ | 143 |
| $60-62$ | 124 |
| $63-65$ | 50 |
| $66-68$ | 25 |
| $69-71$ | 14 |
| $72-74$ | 4 |
| $75-77$ | 1 |
| Total | 1000 |

Table 2. Age Composition

| Subarea 2 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Year-class | age | /00 |
| 1966 | 3 | 14 |
| 1965 | 4 | 63 |
| 1964 | 5 | 371 |
| 1963 | 6 | 300 |
| 1962 | 7 | 121 |
| 1961 | 8 | 30 |
| 1960 | 9 | 14 |
| 1959 | 10 | 4 |
| 1958 | 11 | 3 |
| Total |  | 920 |

The sex composition was made up directly from samples, and ratios calculated for cod less than 53.5 cm (immature) and greater than 53.5 cm (mature) grouping every two months (Table 3). In November-December the sex ratio deviates significantly ( $\mathrm{P}<0.01$ ) from $50 \%$.

Table 3. Sex ratios. Subarea 2

| Cod | Sex | Sep-0ct |  | Nov-Dec |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. | \% | No. | \% |
|  | male | 42 | 59 | 15 | 47 |
| $<53.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ | female | 29 | 41 | 17 | 53 |
|  | Total | 71 | 100 | 32 | 100 |
|  | male | 55 | 47 | 10 | 23 |
| $>53.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ | female | 62 | 53 | 33 | 77 |
|  | Total | 117 | 100 | 43 | 100 |

## A. Status of the Fisheries

The predominant year-classes were 1962, 1963 and 1964 and the modal class 1963 ( 6 year-group). In 1968 the predominant year-classes were 1963 and 1964, and also the modal class 1963 (5 year-group).

## B. Special Research Studies

Fifty-five samples (13, 246 cod) in March, April, May, July and September were examined and 350 age determinations carried out. In Table 4 the length frequency distributions are shown, the average length being 55.1 cm , and in Table 5 the age distribution is show, with a mean age of 6.25 years. The ages range from 4 to 15 years.

Sex ratios in Table 6 show a significant deviation ( $P>0.01$ ) from $50 \%$ in March-April and May-June for cod greater than 53.5 cm and in May-June for cod less than 53.5 cm . The sex ratio for cod less than 53.5 cm in March-April suggests ( $P<0.05$ ) some segregation of sexes.

Table 4. Length frequencies

|  | Subarea 3 |
| :---: | ---: |
| cm | 0 |
| $33-35$ | 7 |
| $36-38$ | 70 |
| $39-41$ | 37 |
| $42-44$ | 60 |
| $45-47$ | 87 |
| $48-50$ | 95 |
| $51-53$ | 124 |
| $54-56$ | 128 |
| $57-59$ | 133 |
| $60-62$ | 123 |
| $63-65$ | 69 |
| $66-68$ | 46 |
| $69-71$ | 28 |
| $72-74$ | 18 |
| $75-77$ | 9 |
| $78-80$ | 8 |
| $81-83$ | 3 |
| $84-86$ |  |
| $87-89$ | 1 |
| $90-92$ |  |
| Total |  |

Table 5. Age composition

| Subarea 3 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Year-class | age | $0 / 00$ |
| 1965 | 4 | 79 |
| 1964 | 5 | 199 |
| 1963 | 6 | 350 |
| 1962 | 7 | 226 |
| 1961 | 8 | 65 |
| 1960 | 9 | 32 |
| 1959 | 10 | 24 |
| 1958 | 11 | 5 |
| 1957 | 12 | 1 |
| 1956 | 13 | 2 |
| 1955 | 14 | - |
| 1954 | 15 | 1 |
| Total |  | 984 |

Table 6. Sex ratios. Subarea 3

| Cod | Sex | Mar-Apr |  | May-Jun |  | Jul-Aug |  | Sep-0ct |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
|  | male | 117 | 43 | 51 | 30 | 21 | 54 | 6 | 46 |
| 53.5 cm | female | 153 | 57 | 118 | 70 | 18 | 46 | 7 | 54 |
|  | Total | 270 | 100 | 169 | 100 | 39 | 100 | 13 | 100 |
|  | male | 122 | 36 | 23 | 19 | 21 | 49 | 8 | 53 |
| 53.5 cm | female | 220 | 64 | 97 | 81 | 22 | 51 | 7 | 47 |
|  | Total | 342 | 100 | 120 | 100 | 43 | 100 | 15 | 100 |

## A. Status of the Fisheries

As in Subarea 3, the dominant year-classes were 1962, 1963 and 1964, with 1963 ( 6 year group) the modal class. The dominant year-classes in 1968 were 1963 and 1964, and the modal class 1963 ( 5 year group). According to Spanish sampling, status of the fisheries in Subarea 2, 3 and 4 showed a similar feature in the presence of the very rich 1963 year-class.

## B. Special Research Studies

Sixteen samples ( 3,841 cod) were examined, and 157 age determinations were carried out. Average length 56.0 cm . Mean age 5.9 years. The age ranges from 3 to 16 years.

The length frequency distribution is given in Table 7, and the age composition of catches in Table 8. Sex ratios (Table 9) do not reveal any significant departure from 50\%, only in July-August for cod greater than 53.5 cm there seems to be some difference ( $P<0.05$ ).

Table 7. Length frequencies
Subarea 4

| Subarea 4 |  |
| :---: | ---: |
| cm |  |
| $33-35$ | 3 |
| $36-38$ | 12 |
| $39-41$ | 21 |
| $42-44$ | 48 |
| $45-47$ | 74 |
| $48-50$ | 94 |
| $51-53$ | 122 |
| $54-56$ | 141 |
| $57-59$ | 152 |
| $60-62$ | 141 |
| $63-65$ | 75 |
| $66-68$ | 52 |
| $69-71$ | 29 |
| $72-74$ | 21 |
| $75-77$ | 9 |
| $78-80$ | 5 |
| $81-83$ | 1 |
| Total | 1000 |

Tabłe 8. Age Composition

| Subarea 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Year-class | age | /oo |
| 1965 | 4 | 80 |
| 1964 | 5 | 226 |
| 1963 | 6 | 305 |
| 1962 | 7 | 162 |
| 1961 | 8 | 79 |
| 1960 | 9 | 32 |
| 1959 | 10 | 14 |
| 1958 | 11 | 6 |
| 1957 | 12 | 1 |
| Total |  | 943 |

Table 9. Sez ratios. Subarea 4

| Cod | Sex | Jul-Aug |  | Sep-Oct |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. | \% | No. | \% |
|  | male | 15 | 37 | 9 | 47 |
| $<53.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ | female | 26 | 63 | 10 | 53 |
|  | Total | 41 | 100 | 19 | 100 |
|  | male | 21 | 32 | 72 | 49 |
| $>53.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ | female | 44 | 68 | 76 | 51 |
|  | Total | 65 | 100 | 148 | 100 |



1970

Serial No. 2397
(D.a. 69)

ICNAF Res.Doc. 70/19
Addendum

ANNUAL MEETING - JUNE 1970

Spanish Research Report 1969

## Statistical Information

Seventeen trawlers and 144 pair trawlers (these vessels represent 72 gears) have operated in the ICNAF area during the year 1969. Total tonnage of these vessels is 89,205 tons, 4,414 fishermen make up the crew. Total catch was $293,972.4$ tons, of which $97.6 \%$ was cod, $1.7 \%$ haddock and $0.7 \%$ other species (white hake and pollock).

STATTISTICAL I.C.N.A.F. 1960

|  | 1.968 |  |  | 1.969 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TRAWLEMS | PAIR TRAWLERS | TOTAL | TIMALHNLS | PAIR TRA:HLIA | TOriAl |
| 1 A | - | 30.0 | 30 - |  |  |  |
| 1 B | - | 8.466,9 | $8.468,9$ | - | 7.088,7 | 7.088,7 |
| $1 . C$ | 175,5 | 2.824.2 | 2.998.7 | 353.1 | 1.690, 5 | 2.043,6 |
| 1 D | - | 0.276 .3 | 0.276,3 | 842.7 | 11.565, | 12.107,7 |
| 1 E | 21,- | 784,6 | 805,5 | 660,6 | 1.524,3 | 2.184,9 |
| 1 F | - | 144, - | 144,- | - | 14,7 | 14,7 |
| TA SUE. 1 | 196,5 | 21.525,9 | 21.722,4 | 1.856,4 | 21.62392 | $23.781,6$ |
| 2 G | $\cdots$ | - | - | - | - | - |
| 211 |  |  | - | 142.8 |  | 142,8 |
| $2 J$ | 32. 574,6 | 278,4 | 32.863, | 33.004,8 | 4,5 | 33.009 .3 |
| TAL SUB. 2 | 32. 574,6 | 278,4 | 32.1553, | 33.147,6 | 4,5 | 33.152.1 |
| 3 K | 13.355,1 | $465 \%$ | 13.820,1 | 11.971.8 | - | 11.971,5 |
| 3 L | 45.652,2 | 39.904,8 | 85. 556,4 | 16.683, | 41.148, 9 | 57.831,9 |
| 3 4! | 4.041, | 3,6 | 4.044,6 | 1.932,- | 748,8 | 2.680,8 |
| 3 N | 618,1 | 36.064,8 | 36.582,9 | 403,5 | 31.770,3 | 32.173,8 |
| 30 | 181.5 | 34.731,9 | 34.913,4 | - | 39.813,- | 39.813,- |
| 3 In | 1.916,7 | 305,7 | 8.222.4 | 78,6 | 24, | 102,6 |
| 3 I' | 1.008,3 | 87.408,3 | 28,416,6 | 298,8 | 28.533, | 28.831.2 |
| TAL SUR. 3 | 66.672,9 | 138.883 .5 | 208. 856,4 | 31.366, 8 | 142.038, | 73.404.8 |
| $4 R$ 4 | 2.271,3 | 508,2 | 2.779,5 | 2.688, |  | 2.693,4 |
| 4 | - 12,9 | 128,1 | 141, | 42, | 22,5 | 42,5 22,5 |
| 4 Vn | 787,8 | 2.184,9 | 2.912 .7 | 276,8 | 1.372.8 | 1.649,1 |
| 1 Va | 109,8 | 40.039,8 | $40.149,6$ | 689,4 | 17.867,7 | 18.497.1 |
| \% | $\cdots$ | 14.182, | $14.182,2$ | - | 16.311, | $16.311,-$ |
| 6 | - | 2.907.0 | $2,997.9$ | - | 8.893,2 | $8.893,2$ |
| ral SUB. 4 | 3.181,8 | 50.981,1 | 63.162,9 | 3.636, 3 | 44.472, | 48.108,3 |
| $5 \mathbf{Y}$ | - |  | - | - | 502,2 |  |
| 52 | - | 17.713,2 | 17.713.2 | - | 15.023,4 | 13.0:3,4 |
| 3 dm | - |  |  | - |  |  |
| CAL SUB. 5 | $\cdots$ | 18.016.8 | 18.016.2 | - | 15.525,6 | 15.525,6 |
| CAL GiSN:RAL | 102.625,8 | 288.685,1 | 341.310,9 | 70,007,1 | 223.965,3 | '3.972.4 |



