Northwest Atlantic



Fisheries Organization

Serial No. N277

NAFO SCR DOC. 81/II/13

SPECIAL MEETING OF SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL - FEBRUARY 1981

<u>Distribution and Abundance of Cod on the Flemish Cap</u> in January 1981 and Mortality in 1980

by

R. Wells Department of Fisheries of Oceans Research and Resource Services P. O. Box 5667 St. John's, Newfoundland AlC 5X1

INTRODUCTION

The numerical analysis of a fish stock is facilitated by data from research vessel cruises. Besides providing estimates of trends in abundance which are independent of data from the commercial fisheies, estimates of total mortality at age and of recruitment patterns can be derived.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

One hundred and forty-two positions on the Flemish Cap were selected at random according to the stratification scheme proposed by Wells (1977) and subsequently fished furing January 1981 (Fig. 1). Depths fished ranged from 127-703 m.

For each net, the entire catch of cod was weighed in baskets and each individual cod was measured at sea. Detailed examination of 589 cod was done at sea and 136 cod were frozen at sea and examined in detail in the laboratory. From the interpretation of ages from the otoliths of these 725 cod, an age-length key was constructed. The otoliths of two cod were crystallized and ages from these could not be determined. Abundance and biomass estimates were made as usual by adjusting the arithmetic average catch per 30-minute tow in each stratum to the area of the stratum and summing the abundance estimates of all strata.

Two further estimates of abundance were made. As both involved logarithmic transformation, the catch per 30-minute tow was increased by one fish.

In one method, log transformation A, the log $(\operatorname{catch} + 1)$ values were averaged for each stratum. The average logarithmic $(\operatorname{catch} + 1)$ per set values for each stratum were weighted by the area of the stratum and the average logarithmic $(\operatorname{catch} + 1)$ value for all of the strata computed. For the other method, log transformation B, the log $(\operatorname{catch} + 1)$ values were averaged for each stratum. The exponential of the average log $(\operatorname{catch} + 1)$ value for each stratum was derived and the value of 1 substracted from it. This arithmetic value was adjusted to the area of the stratum. The sum of the abundance estimates for individual strata provides an estimate of abundance for the whole area. RESULTS

Details of the sampling are given in Table 1. Most cod were taken in depths less than 200 fath. The average weight of a specimen tended to increase with depth. The sampling intensity was, within the limits of integral numbers of tows, constant.

The frequency of cod by fork length shown in Fig. 2 is apportioned by age groups as derived from the age-length key. It is clear that the 1977 year-class is dominant numerically. The 1978 year-class is well represented. The 1979 year-class is conspicuously absent although a few specimens of the 1980 year-class were present. The estimated abundance by year-class is shown in Table 2.

Estimates of total mortality were derived for 1978-1980 by comparing arithmetic estimates of abundance at age for the years 1978-81 (Table 3). It would appear that the total mortality in 1980 was about 0.6-0.75.

Estimates of abundance by means of logarithmic transformation A show a smaller range of variation than the arithmetic estimates (Table 4). No estimates of variation were available for the abundance estimates from the logarithmic tansformation B.

The frequencies of the numbers of cod caught per tow on the Flemish Cap tend to be skewed to the right (Wells, MS 1981). Logarithmic transformations are therefore probably appropriate. If so, there are implications with respect to trends in abundance and to mortality estimates. For example, assuming the same age distribution is applicable for all three estimates, the total mortality on ages 4 and older in 1980 would be as follows:

from a	rithmetic				0.66
경험을 만드는 것 수 있는 것은 것이 있다.	안정, 사람이 아파 등 것에서 다니지?	A. 10 Y 10 Y 10 Y 10 Y 10 Y	Section 201	행사의 것은 것은 것을 가지 않는 것은 것을 가지 않는 것을 수 없다.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
from lo	og transf	formati	on A		0.90
					586 C 100 A 10
trom 10	og transf	ormati	on B	1999 - Hand - Ha	0.95

REFERENCES

WELLS, R. MS 1977. Stratification scheme and age composition of cod catches taken on the Flemish Cap, 2-15 February 1977, by R/V A. T. Comeron. ICNAF Res. Doc. 77/VI/29, Serial No. 5054.

WELLS, R. MS 1981. The number of research vessel tows on the Flemish Cap is never enough. NAFO SCR Doc. 81/II/15, Serial No. N279.

Table 1. Number of tows per stratum and by depth zone completed on the Flemish Cap in January 1980, by R. V. Gadus Atlantica. Sampling intensity is the number of tows per 350 square nautical miles.

Stratum	Depth Range (FM)	Number of Tows	Area of Stratum	Sampling Intensity	Average Number per tow	Average Weight per tow	Average Weight per spe ci mer
1	70-80	5	341.8	5.1	33.40	32.90	0.99
2	80-100	11	837.9	4.6	89.55	126.67	1.41
3	100-140	8	627.8	4.5	29.88	26.74	0.89
4	100-140	5	347.8	5.0	37.40	65.56	1.75
5	100-140	9	703.4	4.5	171.11	253.38	1.48
6	100-140	7	496.1	4.9	29.29	41.73	1.42
7	140-200	11	821.8	4.7	9.91	16.33	1.65
8	140-200	9	646.1	4.9	65.11	56.06	0.86
9	140-200	4	314.3	4.5	45.75	85.75	1.87
10	140-200	13	951.3	4.8	23.69	64.69	2.73
11	140-200	11	806.1	4.8	19.00	39.95	2.10
12	200-300	9	670.4	4.7	1.78	6.13	3.44
13	200-300	3	248.6	4.2	0	0	0
14	200-300	8	602.0	4.7	1.75	6.25	3.57
15	200-300	9	665.7	4.7	3.33	15.64	4.70
16	300-400	9	634.1	5.0	0	0	0
17	300-400	3	215.7	4.9		0	0
18	300-400	3	209.7	5.0	0	0	0
19	300-400	5	413.9	4.2	0	0	0
Total	70-400	142	10554.5	4.7	33.65	50.89	1.51
1-2	70-100	16	1179.7	4.8	72.00	97.37	1.35
3-6	100-140	29	2175.1	4.7	74.86	107.39	1.43
7-11	140-200	48	3539.6	4.8	29.06	48.08	1.65
12-15	200-300	29	2186.7	4.6	2.07	8.48	4.10
16-19	300-400	20	1473.4	4.8	0	0	0
Total	70-400	142	10554.5	4.7	33.65	50.89	1.51

Age	Number (000's)	Average Length	Number of Specimens Aged	Average Weight	Biomass (tons)
1	32	13.00	5	.018	ì
2	0		0		0
3	5173	37.53	127	.482	2493
4	15479	48.08	164	1.054	16315
5	975	52.24	21	1.382	1347
6	2109	62.50	97	2.450	5167
7	1040	66.44	63	3.007	3127
8	2067	75.73	227	4.749	9816
9	102	80.91	12	6.065	619
10	23	99.74	4	10.932	251
11	6	91.00	1	7.990	48
12	0		0		0
13	12	112.00	2	15.595	187
[ota]	27018	50.32	723	1.457	39371

Table 2. Estimated numbers and weights at age of cod on the Flemish Cap, January, 1981.

Age		Abundance			Total mortality			
Analysis type	Group	1978	1979	1980	1981	1978	1979	1980
Arithmetic	4+	74395	19868	12240	- -	1.65	0.70	0.66
	5+	58856	14258	9863	6334	1.90	0.73	0.61
	6+	13185	8823	6873	5359	1.83	0.76	0.75
	7+	-	2118	4136	3250		-	-

Table 3. Estimates of abundance and total mortality of cod on the Flemish Cap from Canadian research vessel surveys in 1978-81.

Table 4. Trends in abundance of cod on the Flemish Cap from Canadian research vessel surveys in winter 1978-81. The 95% confidence limits are also shown.

Year	Estimate	Arithmetic	Relative variation	Logarithmic Transformation A	Relative variation	Logarithmic Transformation B
1978	Lower Mean Upper	82.92 99.94 116.95	0.83 1.00 1.17	39.21 46.17 54.34	0.85 1.00 1.18	73.44
1979	Lower Mean Upper	21.19 32.33 43.47	0.66 1.00 1.34	9.49 12.07 15.29	0.79 1.00 1.27	18.65
1980	Lower Mean Upper	3.44 41.33 79.21	0.08 1.00 1.92	6.76 8.31 10.16	0.81 1.00 1.22	16.25
1981	Lower Mean Upper	8.98 34.10 59.22	0.26 1.00 1.74	4.19 5.40 6.90	0.78 1.00 1.28	9.97

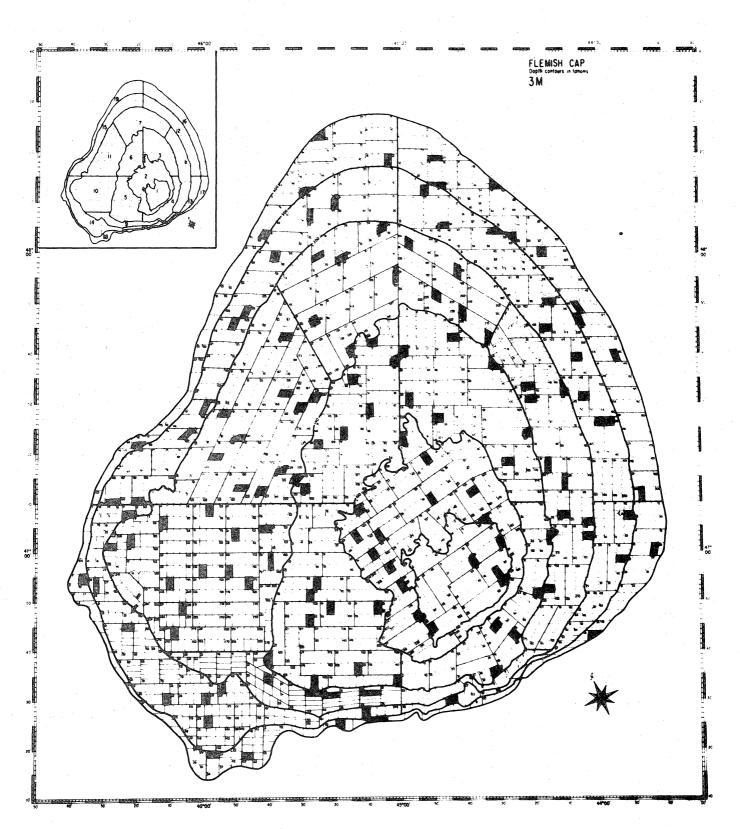


Fig. 1. Map of the Flemish Cap showing portions fished in January 1981.

- 6 -

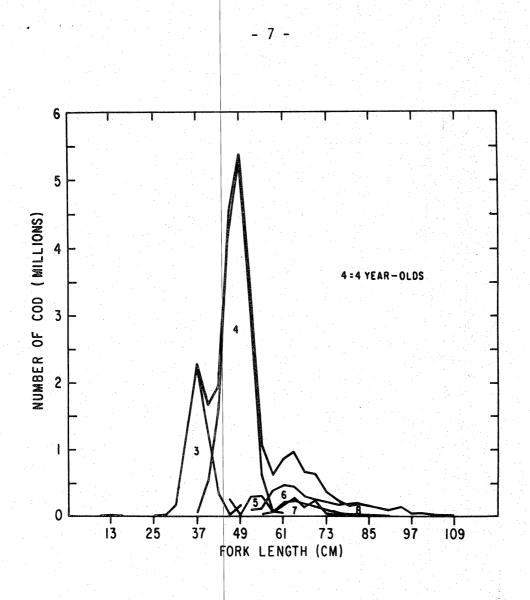


Fig. 2. Length frequency of cod on the Flemish Cap in January 1981 by age and in total.

