

Fisheries Organization

Serial No. N367

e # 🗸 😒

SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL MEETING - JUNE 1981

SCR Doc. 81/V1/81

Comparative Fishing for Silver Hake on the Scotian Shelf using 90 mm and 60 mm Codends

by

A. Sinclair, D. Waldron and B. Wood

Marine Fish Division FISHERIES AND OCEANS P. O. Box 1006 Dartmouth, N. S.

Introduction

Experimental fishing using 60 mm and 90 mm mesh size codends was carried out by two Soviet fishing vessels on the Scotian Shelf in July, 1980. The purpose of the experiment was to gain information on the relative catch rates and size selection of the two gears. A Canadian fisheries observer was aboard each vessel while the experiment was carried out.

Methods

Experimental fishing, using a 90 mm codend was conducted by the Soviet vessel <u>BMRT-345</u> "Ametist" in July 1980. A similar vessel, <u>BMRT-398</u> "Pulbovo" was designated to fish simultaneously with a 60 mm codend alongside the "Ametist". Each vessel carried bcth a Canadian and Soviet observer. The vessels completed a total of thirty-one tows in this comparison.

All experimental sets by both vessels were limited to daylight hours, between 1015 and 2230 GMT, and were generally of one hour duration (net on bottom). The vessels always carried out the comparative work slightly removed from the major concentration of vessels and remained within a mile of each other while towing. Although the experiment was limited to NAFO division 4W in the area inside (seaward of) the small mesh gear line, two quite widely separated areas were covered during the survey. From July 8 to July 21, the "Ametist" and the "Pulbovo" completed eight sets in the southwestern corner of 4W along the parallels $42^{\circ}51' - 42^{\circ}52'$ N between the meridians 62° 40' W and 63° 00'W (area 1, figure 1). A single set was made at position 43° 00', 62° 00 on the afternoon of July 21. All remaining sets were made in the northeast corner of the small mesh line between 43° 21' - 43° 33' N and 60° 06' - 60° 40'W (area 2, figure 1). Fishing depths ranged from 130 m to 155 m in area 1 and from 113 m to 210 m in area 2. Both vessels fished similar depth contours.

Estimates of catch weight and species composition were obtained from the Canadian observer and the Canadian fishing log which was completed by the captain. Random samples of silver hake were taken from as many sets as possible by length analysis. Sample weights were recorded in kg and lengths to the nearest cm.

The removals at length of silver hake were calculated separately by sex. Individual length frequencies were weighted by the ratio of hake catch to hake sample weight. The weighted length frequencies were summed for a particular gear. The resultant was then multiplied by the factor

C_t C_s

where C_{+} = the total hake catch

 C_{c} = the catch of sets sampled

Catch rates of silver hake and the variance of the estimater were calculated using the 'jackknife' method described by Smith, $198\mathbf{D}$.

Results

The set by set information on silver hake catch and total catch for 60 mm and 90 mm gears is given in tables 1 and 2 respectively. There was good agreement between catch estimate of the observer and the captain on the 60 mm vessel. However there is not as good agreement in estimates on the 90 mm vessel. Also neither of the data sets presented here agree with the data set presented by Bidenko, et. al. (1981) for the same experiment. The estimates of the Canadian Observer were used in this analysis.

Catch rates of silver hake were calculated separately for area 1, area 2 and both areas combined (table 3). The differences between catch rates with 60 mm and 90 mm gear were tested for significance with a "t" test. None of the comparisons produced a significant difference due to the overall high variance in the set by set observations. However, the trend in catch rates indicated that in area 1 the 2 gears had equal catch rates but in area 2 the 60 mm gear had a slightly higher catch rate.

The calculated removals at length for both gears in area 1, area 2 and combined are given in table 4 for males and table 5 for females. The length frequencies are presented graphically in figures 2 - 7. It can be seen that more smaller fish were caught in area 2 than in area 1. This could explain the lower catch rate of 90 mm gear in area 2.

The selectivity of the gears is shown by the length frequency plots in figure 2 - 7. The 60 mm gear clearly caught more fish between lengths 16 to 30 cm than the 90 mm gear. However, the decending limits of the curves indicate equal catches at length greater than 32 cm.

The age composition of the catches by both gears in shown in table 6. For males the 90 mm gear reduced catch at age 1 by 97%, at age 2 by 74%, and at age 3 by 30%. For females the 90 mm gear reduced catch at age 1 by 98%, at age 2 by 80% and at age 3 by 49%. From age 4 on catches by both gears were relatively equal.

The data presented here suggests a possible selectivity difference between the two gear types. However the data set is too small to make conclusive statements. It was suggested that the relative catch rates of the two gears were affected by the size composition of the schools being prosecuted. Also the experiment was conducted only in daylight hours in an area removed from the main concentration of the fleet.

REFERENCES

Smith, S. J. 1980. Comparison of two methods of estimating the variance of the estimate of catch per unit effort. Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci., 37:2346-2351.

Bidenko, G. E., V. A. Rikhter and V. F. Turok. 1981. Results of experimental

fishing for silver hake on the Scotian Shelf in July 1980. NAFO SCR Doc. 81/VI/62, Serial No. N346.

Date	Tow Duration	Area	Silver Observer	Catch Hake Logbook	(kg) Tota Observer	a] Logbook
18-07-80 " 19-07-80 21-07-80 " 22-07-80 " 23-07-80 " 24-07-80 " 24-07-80 " 26-07-80 " 27-07-80 " 28-07-80 "	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.33\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.25\\ 1.00$	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	$\begin{array}{c} 1600\\ 1500\\ 3000\\ 4800\\ 1730\\ 172\\ 150\\ 0\\ 155\\ 770\\ 690\\ 1482\\ 888\\ 1455\\ 5382\\ 1500\\ 3876\\ 1392\\ 1534\\ 1870\\ 480\\ 828\\ 175\\ 200\\ 579\\ 2697\\ 588\\ 870\\ 310\\ 4695\\ 278\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1800\\ 1400\\ 3000\\ 4800\\ 1850\\ 110\\ 110\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\$	$\begin{array}{c} 2000 \\ 4500 \\ 3500 \\ 5000 \\ 2000 \\ 250 \\ 200 \\ 50 \\ 200 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \\ 3000 \\ 5000 \\ 3000 \\ 5000 \\ 2500 \\ 4000 \\ 3500 \\ 2000 \\ 2000 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \\ 300 \\ 300 \\ 300 \\ 1500 \\ 1500 \\ 1500 \\ 1500 \\ 1500 \\ 1000 \\ 5000 \\ 1000 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2140\\ 4550\\ 3600\\ 5100\\ 1971\\ 172\\ 150\\ 110\\ 205\\ 1040\\ 1091\\ 5130\\ 3085\\ 5090\\ 6180\\ 2500\\ 3955\\ 3540\\ 1835\\ 1988\\ 1030\\ 1015\\ 294\\ 304\\ 1438\\ 4555\\ 1516\\ 1260\\ 457\\ 4992\\ 993\end{array}$
Total			45646	45125	70500	71286

			- 3 -	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Table 1.	Set by s and the	et estimate Captain's 1	es of catc log for 60	h and effort mm gear.	from the Can	adian observer

Set by set estimates of catch and effort from the Canadian Observer and the Captain's log for 90 mm gear.

- 4 -

1.12

				Catch(kg)			
	Tow		Silver	Hake	Tot	al	
Date	Duration	Area	Observer	Logbook	Observer	Logbook	
18-07-80	1.42	1	1500	3000	1620	3680	
н	1.00	1	2400	4000	4000	4830	
· _ 1	1.00	1	2100	2000	3100	7258	
10 N 10 N	1.00	1	5800	1728	6050	2248	
н	1.08	1	300	4000	340	5020	
19-07-80	1.00	1	200	1084	270	1484	
21-07-80	1.00	1	40	50	147	60	
H A	1.00	1	0	50	60	57	
	1.50	X	0	33	53	. 33	
22-07-80	1.08	2	25	57	85	127	
	0.83	2	60	50	6575	200	
ада Л . С.	1.00	2	10	50	75	. 50	
23-07-80	1.00	2	10	200	320	760	
Ш	1.00	2	1300	300	1420	958	
	1.00	2	1200	100	9200	615	
н	1.00	2	25	145	4025	685	
24-07-80	1.00	2	30	100	51	100	
	1.00	2	10	40	68	40	
	1.00	2	4000	4000	4135	5010	
	1.00	2	10	40	15	72	
	1.00	2	10	1000	10	1065	
26-07-80	1.00	2	15	38	96	61	
	1.00	2	15	50	/6	100	
07 07 00	1.00	2	20	50	51	100	
27-07-80	1.00	2	400	29	625	29	
	1.00	Z	350	0	4/0	20	
	1.00	2		0	255	20	
	1.33	2	0	1000	223	50	
20 07 00	1.00	2	250	1000	/25	1895	
28-07-80	1.1/	2	210	6000	000	110	
	1.00	۷.	8000	6000	8110	6252	
Total			28340	29194	52850	42995	

Table 3. Estimates of catch rates and standard error of 60 mm and 90 mm gear.

	60	mm	90 m	m		
AREA	kg/hr	Std. Error	Kg/hr	Std. Error	t	
1	1290	499	1221	592	.089	
2	1393	259	713	388	1.458	
Total	1364	231	873	321	1.242	

TABLE 4 : REMOVALS AT LENGTH OF MALES

		60 MM			90 MM	
LENGTH	AREA 1	AREA 2	TOTAL	AREA 1	AREA 2	TOTAL
16	0	48	48	ö	ō	· 0
17	0	102	102	ō	Ö	0
18	0	397	397	0	Ö	Ő
19	0	1037	1037	0	ō	ö
20	0	1532	1532	0	43	43
21	0	3921	3921	0	93 -	93
22	0	3525	3525	0	298	298
23	163	2145	2308	0	298	298
24	285	2647	2932	117	215	332
25	733	5400	6132	0	325	325
26	2198	. 6280	8478	553	662	1215
27	1669	7861	9529	779	1918	2697
28	1995	6830	8824	1009	1824	2833
29	1180	5499	6679	2164	3517	5681
30	1465	7413	8878	3724	2253	5977
31	1343	8161	9504	3840	3711	7550
32	1099	4345	5444	3314	4162	7476
33 -	611	3263	3874	2713	2444	5156
34	488	1373	1862	1026	444	1470
35	163	427	590	324	801	1126
36	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	228	228	167	707	875
37	0	18	18	96	153	249
38	0	78	78	0	19	19
39	O O	0	0	0	0	0
40	0	0	0	. 7	0	2
41	0	Ŏ	0	0	0	0
4	O	0	0	0	0	0
43	Ŭ.	0	0.	0	0	0
4.4 A-0:	0 0	. <u>O</u>	0	0	0	0
40	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	O	0	0	0
4 O A 77	. 0	0	0	0	0	0
4 /	0	$\mathbf{O} = \mathbf{O} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{O}$	0	<u>o</u>	0	0
40	0	0	0	O C	· 0	0
47. EA	0	U O	0	0.1	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	O .*
いよ 町の	0		0	0	0	0
		/ U	0	0	0	0
00 10 0	- V	0	0	Ö	Q	0
J ^Ŷ	V ,	·0	, O	0	. O	0

TABLE 5: REMOVALS AT LENGTH OF FEMALES

		60 MM			90мм		
LENGTH	AREA 1	AREA 2	TOTAL	AREA 1	AREA 2	TOTAL	
16	0	48	48	0	0	Ö	
17	0	132	132	0	Ő	Ö	
18	0	616	616	ó	Ő	Ö	
19	O -	1007	1007	0	Ö	Ö	
20	Ó	1475	1475	• O	43	43	
21	0	2329	2329	0	128	128	
22	0	1935	1935	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	128	128	
23	0	1857	1857	0	213	213	
24	0	562	562	60	256	316	
25	163	1412	1575	0	190	190	
26	285	1932	2217	133	153	286	
27	611	4273	4883	186	138	324	
28	773	7109	7883	403	439	842-	
29	1384	9715	11098	251	1582	1833	
30	1832	9624	11456	669	3038	3707	
31	5943	9877	15820	2746	4129	6875	
32	7083	10751	17834	2334	4153	6487	
33	8182	8963	17145	6787	6854	13641	
34	6920	10219	17139	6126	7383	13508	
35	3745	6178	9923	5469	6214	11684	
36	1995	2605	4600	2644	4001	6645	
37	1343	1436	2780	1651	2951	4602	
38	163	1109	1272	619	873	1492	
39.	285	288	573	375	843	1218	
40	0	246	246	о О	676	676	
41	163	273	436	160	15	174	
42	163	39	202	36	320	356	
43	163	18	181	165	427	591	
44	163	0	163	7	582	589	
45	0	177	177	0	174	174	
46	Q.	36	36	36	153	188	
47	0	0	0	71	12	84	
48	0	0	Ю.,	60	2	62	
49	0	66	66	0	155	155	
50	с — О " ¹	18	18	36	0	36	
51	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	O,	0	0	10	1.0	
52	0	Q	0	1.	0	1.	
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	
54	0	12	12	0	0	0	

6

	Ma 1	e	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Female	
Age	60 mm	90 mm	60 m	m 90 mm	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	5087 44985 20649 8808 4750 1335 221 9 -	157 11560 14543 10090 4436 2031 749 124	406 3886 5612 1937 1574 277 48 16 5	4 86 1 7704 3 27674 7 20931 7 15793 6 3371 7 1166 5 403 6 18 8 36	
11		-	3	3 78	
Total	85844	43692	13770	77260	

.3612

.3840

.6160

.6388

Table 6. Age composition by sex of catches with 60 mm gear and 90 mm gear.



Figure 1. Areas fished in comparitive fishing study.









- 8 -









· 9 –



Figure 6. Male catch-at-length for 60 mm and 90 mm gear in both areas combined.



Figure 7. Female catch-at-length for 60 mm and 90 mm gear in both areas combined.