# Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization

Serial No. N1338

NAFO SCR Doc. 87/49

## SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL MEETING - JUNE 1987

Capelin School Surface Area Index Incorporating the 1986 Aerial Survey in NAFO Div. 3L

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### Introduction

The methodology and rationale for developing a relative abundance index based on aerial photographic measurements of capelin schools were discussed in previous manuscripts (Nakashima 1985, 1986). This brief report describes the results of the 1986 aerial photoghraphic survey in NAFO Div. 3L and compares the trends of the school surface area index to other measures of trends in abundance.

### Materials and Methods

The details of all aerial surveys for capelin that have been conducted in the Newfoundland Region are provided in Table 1. We attempted to provide comparable coverage of all four transects in 1986. These were the outside of Trinity Bay from the Horse Chops to Gooseberry Cove, the inside of Trinity Bay from Gooseberry Cove to Hopeall, the outside of Conception Bay from Caplin Cove to Harbour Grace Islands, and the inside of Conception Bay from Harbour Grace Islands to Portugal Cove (Fig. 1).

Optimal conditions for photography were in the morning when the sun angle was less than 25° and wind conditions were light. Afternoon photography was hampered by wind and land shadows along the coastline.

From each photograph the school surface area was measured with a compensating polar planimeter. The measurements were connected for altitude and expressed in  $\mathbb{m}^2$ . Each time a transect was surveyed, the mean and median school surface areas and the total school surface area along the transect were estimated.

A relative index for the year was estimated by summing the highest total school surface area observed on each of the four transects. This assumed that peak school surface area was indicative of inshore abundance for that year. The index derived for 1982-86 was compared to catch rates from capelin traps and purse seines (Nakashima and Harnum 1987) and to projections of mature biomass for acoustic surveys (Anon. 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985).

# Results and Discussion

Coverage of the four transects in 1986 was very minimal due to consistently bad weather conditions during the survey period. We flew 13.4 hr which was considerably lower than previous surveys (Table 1). The outside transect of Trinity Bay was only partially surveyed on two days. On June 22, 26 schools were photographed between the Horse Chops and Bonaventure Head with a combined school surface area of 10,319 m². The mean school size was 397  $\pm$  431 m² and the median size was 197 m². Later on June 28, we observed 14 schools in Southwest Arm having a total school surface area of 23,215 m². The mean school surface area was 1658  $\pm$  4358 m² and the median size was 326 m². Neither estimate was presented in Table 2a since the table contained only those times when the entire transect was surveyed (Nakashima 1985). The inside transect of Trinity Bay was covered once on June 28 (Table 2b), the day the fixed gear capelin fishery was closed in this bay. The outside transect in Conception Bay was surveyed on June 19 (Table 2c) and partly covered on June 22 from south of Western Bay to Harbour Grace Islands. The latter survey measured 56 schools with a total surface area of 32,129 m². The mean school size was 529  $\pm$  773 m² and median size was 203 m². The inside transect of Conception Bay was overflown four times (Table 2d) and was the only one to have nad multiple coverage in 1986.

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The school surface area index was compared to two inshore catch rate indices and the mature biomass projections from acoustic surveys (Table 3). The purse-seine catch (t)/day (C/D) per vessel has been added to this year's comparisons in support of the capelin trapcatch (t)/day index (Nakashima and Harnum 1987). The total school surface area observed in 1986 was derived from the three surveyed transects (Tables 2b, c, d) and incorporated the 23,215  $\rm m^2$  estimated for Southwest Arm on June 28 which was described earlier in the report:

Noting that the trap C/D may have been overestimated in 1985 due to a late opening of the season (Nakashima 1986), both catch rate indices followed a similar trend which corresponded. to the one observed for mature biomass projections from acoustic surveys. (Anon. 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985). However, the dramatic increase projected for 1986 from acoustic surveys was not apparent in either catch rate series. This may have been due to an overestimate in the projected inshore biomass or an underestimate from the catch rate indices. The trends in the school surface area index from 1982-85 were comparable to the other indices, however the 1986 estimate was negatively biased since coverage was incomplete for one transectiand for twoother transects there was only a single estimate. One aspect of the methodology, was to have repeat coverage of each transect to be able to detect the period of peak abundance. It is likely that the single estimate on June 19 for the outside of Trinity Bay was close to the peak since a partial survey a few days later observed a much lower school surface area. The estimate of June 28 of the inside transect of Trinity Bay was after the peak since the trap fishery in that area had their nignest landings June 18-20 and the fishery was closed on June 28. Also trap fishermen in this area experienced the highest catch rates in Div. 3L. indicating that we would have observed substantially more schools had the survey been able to operate earlier.

The total surface area estimates by bay indicated that the 1986 Conception Bay estimate was higher than in 1985 while the Trinity Bay total was half the 1985 estimate.. Annual comparisons by bay were:

	<u>1982</u>	1983	1984	1985	1986
Trinity	65360	217840	86660	244880	119110
Conception	157790	149430	129850	112390	164030

The effect of poor weather on this index underscores the need to maintain several indices of abundance since one index may not be measured reliably every year.

### Acknowledgments

The survey and photographs were conducted by Airborne Sensing Corporation in 1986. M. Y. Hynes assisted in the preparation of the manuscript.

### References

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table 1. Summary of aerial surveys conducted from 1982 to 1986.

íear	Aircraft	Camera	Lens (mm)	Filter	Film	Radar altimeter	Survey period	Altitude (m)	Flying hours
(98 <b>2</b>	Piper Aztec	RC 10	152	Anti-vignetting	Aerocolour Neg. 2445	No	June 18-July 5	152-160	
⊦9 <b>83</b>	Aero-Commander 500 B	RC 10	152	Anti-vignetting	Aerocolour Neg. 2445	Yes	June 19-July 9	457	21.8
1984	Cessna 310	RC 10	152	Anti-vignetting	Aerocolour Neg. 2445	Yes	June 17-July 7	457	38.5
1985	Aero-Commander 500 B .	RC 10	152	Anti-vignetting	Aerocolour Neg. 2445	Yes	June 18-July 3	290-610	28.6
1986	Aero-Commander 500-B	RC ·10	152	Anti-vignetting	Aerocolour Neg. 2445	Yes	June 19-July 5	381-579	13.4

Table 2a. Schooling data for the outside part of Trinity Bay from the Horse Chops to Gooseberry Cove, 1982-85.

	No. of	Total surface area (m²)	School size (m <sup>2</sup> )				
Date	schools		Mean ±	Median			
une 19, 1982	7	<b>2</b> 963	423 <u>+</u>	502	125		
une 26, 1982	0.	0	,				
uly 3, 1982	1	522	522	•	522		
une 23, 1983	7	11330	1619 ±	1315	1283		
une 24, 1983	10	13671	1367 ±	1260	1088		
une 25, 1983	7	11662	1666 ±	2151	725		
une 29, 1983	8	2288	286 ±	228	195		
une 30, 1983	13	18470	1420 ±	1613	1116		
uly 1, 1983	3	6417	2139 ±	2176	1172		
une 18, 1984	9	3236	360 ±	423	223		
une 19, 1984	8	3962	495 ±		279		
une 25, 1984	- 22	30467	1385 ±	1959	502		
une 26, 1984	· 38	37219	979 ±	1718	167		
une 29, 1984	9	2790	310 ±		279		
uly 3, 1984 —	48	43412	904 ±	3010	223		
uly 6, 1984	34	16015	471 ±	485	167		
une 21, 1985	0	. 0					
une 25, 1985	0	0					
une 29, 1985	18	15536	863 ±	983	316		
uly 1, 1985 🐪	32	48808	1525 ±	1622	893		
uly 2, 1985	24	49216	2051 ±	2965	949		
uly 3, 1985	9	2498	278 ±		270		

Table 2b. Schooling data for the inside part of Trinity Bay from Gooseberry Cove to Hopeall, 1982-86.

· .	No. of	Total surface	School size (m <sup>2</sup> )			
Date	schools	area (m <sup>2</sup> )	Mean ± SD Median			
June 19, 1982	31	12724	411 + 712 149			
June 26, 1982	29	35607	1228 ± 2755 299			
June 29, 1982	11	62397	5672 ± 8378 592			
July 2, 1982	8	31365	3921 ± 9281 705			
July 3, 1982	2	1920	960 ± 17 960			
June 23, 1983	11	69583	6326 + 6299 4241			
June 24, 1983	26	39004	1500 ± 1880 753			
June 25, 1983	30	174487	5816 ± 12759 781			
June 29, 1983	35	152557	4359 ± 11139 781			
June 30, 1983	46	199373	4334 ± 6927 558			
July 1, 1983	. 25	189497	7580 <u>±</u> 19791 2288			
June 19, 1984	13	15624	1202 ± 1770 335			
June 23, 1984	9	8314	924 ± 888 502			
June 25, 1984	96	31526	328 ± 505 117			
June 26, 1984	96	40510	422 ± 679 223			
June 29, 1984	47	12053	256 ± 314 167			
July 3, 1984	:57	23827	418 ± 814 167			
July 7, 1984	77	43245	562 ± 1124 223			
June 21, 1985	13	7041	542 ± 706 270			
June 25, 1985	35	22459	642 ± 1144 211			
June 26, 1985 -	30	16540	551 ± 721 214			
July 1, 1985	125	60245	482 ± 963 181			
July 2, 1985	130	195659	$1503 \pm 6046^{a}$ 179			
June 28, 1986	59	95898	1625 ± 4502 340			

a calculation excludes capelin in traps

Table 2c. Schooling data for the outside of Conception Bay from Caplin Cove to Harbour Grace Islands, 1982-86.

	N = - 65	T 4.3	School size (m <sup>2</sup> )				
Date	Na. of schools	Total surface area (m <sup>2</sup> )	Mean i	SD	Median		
June 29, 1982	10	6577	658 ±	366	642		
luly 2, 1982	2	1357	679	554	679		
June 23, 1983	34	51838	1374 ±	2266ª	530		
June 24, 1983	16	10658		823	447		
June 25, 1983		4408		184	279		
July 1, 1983	4 5	5413	1083	<u>+</u> 1884	112		
June 18, 1984	1	391	391				
June 19, 1984	Ō	. 0					
June 25, 1984	49	63779	1294 :	2874	391		
June 26, 1984	67	65956	697	1091 <sup>a</sup>	279		
June 30, 1984	21	22320	818	1509 <sup>a</sup>	223		
July 3, 1984 🕟	4	1786	446	± 599	195		
June 20, 1985	0	o					
June 24, 1985	0	Ö		_			
June 27, 1985	30	8840	268	± 378ª	120		
June 28, 1985	125	50837		± 800ª	132		
June 29, 1985	22	19253		± 1169	291		
July 1, 1985	28	28036		± 1616ª	264		
July 2, 1985	66	69166	914	± 2064ª	223		
June 19, 1986	88	132455	1462	± 2853ª	279		

a calculation excludes capelin in traps

Table 2d. Schooling data for the inside of Conception Bay from Harbour Grace Islands to Portugal Cove, 1982-86.

			No. of Total sunface			School size (m <sup>2</sup> )			
١.	Date	·	No. of schools	Total surface area (m²)	İ	Mean :	SD.	Median	
June June June Jule	e 26, e 26, e 27, e 29, y 4, y 5,	1982 1982 1982	33 20 48 27 3	19408 36513 151214 30275 13042 5127		1826 3134 1121 4347	907 <sup>6</sup> ± 1914 ± 6015 <sup>6</sup> ± 1707 ± 4951 ± 582	2089 527 418 1409	
Jun Jun Jun	e 23, e 24, e 25, e 30, y 1,	1983 1983 1 <b>9</b> 83	53 30 29 7	97595 56860 79961 8091 2009		1819 : 2677 :	± 27546 ± 29656 ± 37256 ± 1181	558 781	
Jun Jun Jun Jul	e 18, e 23, e 25, e 26, e 30, y 3, y 5,	1984 1984 1984 1984 1984	0 8 70 33 29 18 0	0 17689 63891 23603 16852 9040		879 703 508	± 2556 ± 1789 ± 1708 ± 467 ± 467	a 223 a 223 a 335	
Jun Jun Jun Jun Jul	e 20, e 24, e 26, e 27, e 28, y 1, y 2,	1985 1985 1985 1985 1985	0 2 17 76 120 16	0 1600 10124 16552 33858 43228 13436		596 214 274 2702	± 834 ± 1145 ± 426 ± 938 ± 5140 ± 1872	314 a 78 a 67 308	
Jun Jun	e 19, e 20, e 22, y 2,	1986 1986	39 4 86 10	31574 3515 30930 5019	·	786 698 343 502	<u>+</u> 616	a 363 a 131	

a calculation excludes capelin in traps

Table 3. Comparison of three indices for estimating trends in relative spawning biomass. The catch/day index was based on capelin trap and purse seine data from logbook surveys (Nakashima and Harnum 1987), the mature biomass index originated from NAFO Scientific Council Reports (Anon. 1982-85), and the school surface area index came from this study.

	Catch (t)/	day		C	
Year	Purse seine	Trap	Mature t biomass	School surface area (m²)	
1982	16.4	3.1	≥346,000	223,150	
1983	18.8	3.4	658,000	367,270	
1084	14.3	2.9	384,000	216,510	
1985	16.4	4.6	596,000	357,270	
1986	19.0	4.6	1,300,000	283,140	

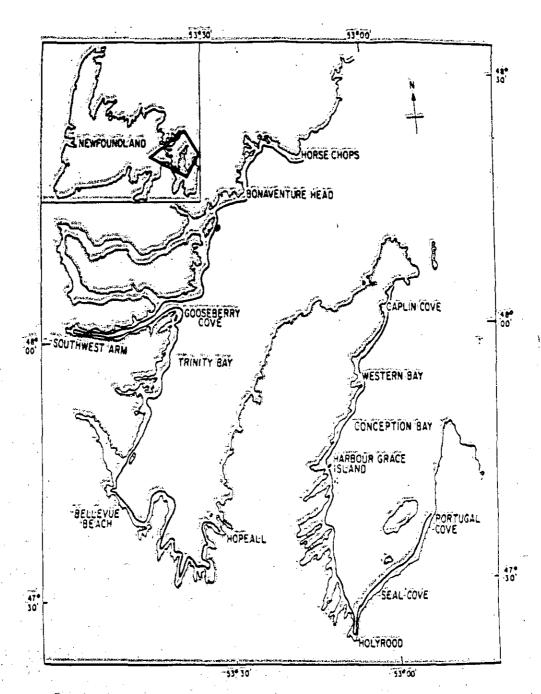


Fig. 1. Aerial survey track in Trinity and Conception Bays.