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Greenland Halibut Depth Variations of Catch-per-unit Effort, Length Composition, Mature Proportions and  
Associated By-catches in Divisions 3LMNO

by

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### Abstract

In this paper we present a review of the geographic and bathimetric patterns of occurrence of the Greenland halibut catches in NAFO Divisions 3LMNO and their incidence on the catch of other stocks, namely cod, American plaice and yellowtail and witch flounders. The Greenland halibut mature proportions at depth in both the commercial catches and the spring Spanish 3NO survey indices are also presented.

According to the results of the Spanish fleet, the Greenland halibut fishery does not overlap significantly with either American plaice, yellowtail flounder, skate or cod. By-catches of witch flounder in the Greenland halibut fishery have been very small, at least in 1999. The CPUE analysis indicate that Greenland halibut is best caught in the deepest strata, with catch rates comparatively poor at depths less than 600 m. Besides a sharp change in catchability is observed between 500 – 600 m. The proportion of mature fish in the catches increases with depth attaining a maximum between 1200 – 1600 m. The survey results indicate that most part of the SSB is found at depths beyond 800 m.

### Introduction

The Scientific Council pointed in several times the necessity of reducing exploitation of juvenile fish and to keep the by-catches, particularly of the stocks under moratoria, to the lowest possible levels (Anon. 2000). The Southeast of the Grand Banks (Div. 3NO) has been identified by the NAFO Scientific Council as a nursery area for cod, American plaice, yellowtail and witch flounders. In several occasions has been stated that significant catches of these stocks are taken in the fisheries targeting Greenland halibut.

In this paper we present a review of the geographic and bathimetric patterns of occurrence of the Greenland halibut catches in Div. 3LMNO and their incidence on the catch of other stocks, namely cod, American plaice, redfish, yellowtail and witch flounders. The Greenland halibut length compositions and mature proportions in both the commercial catches and the Spanish 3NO survey are also presented.

## Materials and Methods

Two sources of data have been used:

(a) Data on the Spanish commercial catches and by-catches recorded by scientific observers of the national network (1990 – 1999). Catch records were available in a tow by tow basis. They were characterised by the vessel, date, depth and NAFO Division.

In order to assess the performance by depth of the fishery targeting Greenland halibut, catches of this species were adjusted to a multiplicative model (Vázquez and Larrañeta, 1980) with the following structure:

$$Y/f = F_v \times F_d \times F_{yd} \times F_{md} \times F_{dd}$$

Y/f	Monthly catch in Kg per hour towed	3289 cases
F <sub>v</sub>	Vessel factor	50 cases
F <sub>v</sub>	Division factor	3 cases: 3LMN
F <sub>yd</sub>	Year factor for each Division	26 cases: 1990-1999 × Div.
F <sub>md</sub>	Month factor for each Division	36 cases: 1-12 × Div.
F <sub>dd</sub>	Depth factor for each Division	47 cases: 100-1700 m × Div.

According to this model, the year, month and depth factors are considered independent among Divisions, so they can account for different patterns for each Division. Only the vessel factor, the one responsible for catchability, is considered constant for all year - month - depth combinations. The number of factors involved is presented in the table 1. Catch records were grouped by months, so the 29515 tow records were summarised in 3289 cases. Catches in Division 3O were not considered because they showed poor consistency with the model in a previous analysis. Also, not all possible combinations of the factor were available, some of the possible factors are missing. The year factor for each Division, for example, has only 26 cases from a total possibility of 27 cases: 9 years times 3 Divisions. The depth factor was considered by 100 meters intervals. The model assumes a normal distribution of the monthly catch rates, with the variance being a power (k) of the expected CPUE, and each vessels having a characteristic ratio (V<sub>v</sub>).

$$V(C/f) = (F_v \times F_d \times F_{yd} \times F_{md} \times F_{dd})^k \times V_v / f$$

Greenland halibut length distributions by 100 meters intervals weighted to the sampled catch are used to obtain the mature proportion of the sampled catches by applying the maturity curve from Junquera and Saborido-Rey (1995) and Junquera et al. (1999). The length at 50 % maturity in this case is between 65 and 70 cm.

It must be noted that the scientific observers coverage varied substantially through the period considered, from 100 % coverage in 1991 and 1992, 33 % till 1996, falling since then to less than 5 % at present. So the term 'catches' refers to the sampled catches every year and not to the true total catches of the fleet. In table 1 is presented the fishing effort surveyed by the observers in the period 1991 – 1999. In spite of the low coverage in the last period of the time series, the trends of the fleet activity (i.e. patterns in depth distribution of the fishing effort) are properly reflected in our opinion, though total catch figures cannot be deduced from those data.

(b) Data on Greenland halibut biomass and abundance indices and length distributions by 100 meters intervals from the Spanish spring bottom trawl survey in Div. 3NO in the period 1995 – 1999. The description of this surveys performance are found in Paz et al. (1999). The length distributions by depths and the maturity curve are used to obtain the mature fraction of the total biomass index.

## Results

### - Depth distribution of commercial catches.

The depth distribution of Greenland halibut, redfish, skate and American plaice catches are presented in Fig. 1. Only data from 1999 are shown in this figure, as a case example of the current performance of the Greenland halibut fishery.

In Div. 3L no Greenland halibut are registered at depths less than 700 m. The magnitude of these catches increases sharply from 1000 to 1400 m and disappear beyond 1500 m. In this same range, 7 % (in weight relative to the total catch) of redfish have been caught. Less than 1 % of American plaice and witch flounder appeared at depths between 900 – 1000 m. depth. No cod catches has been registered.

In Div. 3M Greenland halibut have been caught at depths between 600 and 1600 m, with a peak in the 1200 – 1300 m. depth interval. No catches of this species are registered at depths less than 600 m. In this same depth range 13 % of redfish (in weight) and 4 % of skate have been caught. Occasional presence of witch flounder (0.07 %), and American plaice (0.04 %) were recorded only in the 900 – 1000 m. interval, without presence of cod catches.

In Div. 3N the catch composition in terms of weight was as follows: 9 % of Greenland halibut, 4 % of redfish, 28 % of skate, 34 % of American plaice, 14 % of yellowtail flounder, 4 % of cod and less than 1 % of witch flounder. Greenland halibut catches are taken at depths between 700 – 1400 m., and only 1 % of them occurs at shallower depths. Skate are caught exclusively at depth less than 200 m. and American plaice, yellowtail flounder and cod only above 400 m. depth.

In Div. 3O, 70 % of the catch in weight was redfish, 13 % Greenland halibut and 11 % American plaice. No presence of cod, witch or yellowtail flounders have been recorded. Greenland halibut catches occurred at depths between 700 – 1000 m, redfish up to 800 m and American plaice up to 500 m.

According to this pattern of depth distribution of catches it can be seen that, at least in the case of this fleet, the Greenland halibut fishery do not overlap significantly with either American plaice, yellowtail flounder, skate or cod.

- **Catch per unit effort analysis.**

Results of the CPUE analysis are presented in table 1. Values of the depth factor in Divisions 3LMN (table 1, Factor 5) are presented in figure 2.

The maximum value of the depth factor occurs at the 600-700 meters interval in all Divisions. The value of this factor decline for deeper strata on different degrees for each Division. The decline is small in Division 3L and it is maximum in Division 3M. The values of this factor at depths less than 600 meters reaches the smallest values observed and they approach to zero in shallowest strata. They are smaller than any of the values observed for the strata considered with more than 600 meters depth.

The above result supports the well known fact that Greenland halibut is best caught in the deepest strata. Besides the results show a sharp change in catchability occurring between the 500 and 600 meters depth strata, that is to say, catch rates of Greenland halibut at depths less than 600 meters are comparatively poor.

- **Greenland halibut length distributions and mature proportions at depth.**

The mean lengths at depth intervals in both the commercial catches and the Spanish spring survey in Div. 3NO are presented in table 3. The year 1991 is the one when this fishery was established. At that time Div. 3N was not exploited. The years 1997 to 1999 are included to allow comparisons with the results of the survey, as since 1997 the same depths as the commercial fleet are covered. As was already known, it can be seen that mean length of fish increases with depth in both the catches and the survey. The mean length in the first year of activity of this fleet (1991) was higher than the current ones, particularly in the deepest strata (1000 m. onwards).

The proportion of mature fish (female based) obtained from the catch length distributions at depth are presented in table 4. This proportion increases with depth, generally attaining a maximum at the 1200 – 1600 m. interval in all divisions. The proportion of adult fish in the catches was higher in the first year of activity of this fleet (1991) than it is at present and also this proportion is always smaller in Div. 3N than in Div. 3M and 3L.

In table 5 are presented the Greenland halibut biomass indices, an estimate of the SSB and how this is distributed by depth intervals in the Spanish spring bottom trawl survey in Div. 3N. Excluding the year 1995 which

do not covered all the depth range, the proportion of mature biomass over the total biomass indices seems rather stable, around an average value of 25 %. As it was observed in the fishery data, most part of the adult fish is found at depths beyond 800 m.

#### References

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Table 1– CPUE analysis results.

k = 1.175  
Fnm = 1.000 1644 1645  
Skew = 0.533  
Curtooses = 4.665

Total number of degrees of freedom: 3027

n	name	cases	value	sd(f)	Catch	Efort	Y/f
	total	3289			40201701	147654	272.27

## FACTOR 1

								V
1	V 1	172	1.000	0.036	1516288	6657	227.77	1.00
2	V 2	39	2.541	0.082	708955	1049	675.91	0.32
3	V 3	33	1.337	0.092	253831	778	326.33	0.59
4	V 4	34	1.671	0.062	505988	1289	392.47	0.34
5	V 5	150	2.170	0.055	4221886	6398	659.83	1.20
6	V 6	115	1.678	0.040	2443966	5878	415.80	0.67
7	V 7	25	1.601	0.118	509617	948	537.48	1.26
8	V 8	3	3.207	0.490	58440	73	802.38	0.58
9	V 9	21	1.275	0.228	277300	1431	193.76	4.30
10	V10	116	0.723	0.018	677538	4312	157.13	0.25
11	V11	62	1.227	0.027	1247115	4789	260.40	0.32
12	V12	125	1.456	0.032	1823836	5253	347.17	0.42
13	V13	96	1.076	0.018	1241495	5062	245.27	0.17
14	V14	33	1.047	0.026	430186	2277	188.90	0.14
15	V15	51	1.317	0.047	1090074	3402	320.43	0.69
16	V16	60	1.056	0.041	170951	1945	87.91	0.15
17	V17	44	0.924	0.032	269797	1966	137.25	0.18
18	V18	98	1.560	0.051	1561372	4787	326.20	0.83
19	V19	29	1.309	0.043	286769	1160	247.29	0.16
20	V20	107	0.900	0.018	1077365	5645	190.86	0.24
21	V21	40	0.698	0.029	190034	1613	117.78	0.20
22	V22	74	0.998	0.031	1038738	4599	225.87	0.52
23	V23	83	1.545	0.042	1630042	4254	383.20	0.57
24	V24	54	1.073	0.032	728882	2730	267.00	0.34
25	V25	78	1.157	0.027	933868	4056	230.22	0.27
26	V26	66	1.473	0.053	886734	2778	319.17	0.56
27	V27	20	0.919	0.059	239289	1299	184.17	0.54
28	V28	24	0.639	0.036	113227	956	118.41	0.21
29	V29	48	0.903	0.026	624948	2556	244.51	0.28
30	V30	66	0.835	0.018	747276	3046	245.32	0.17
31	V31	111	1.041	0.042	1247752	5151	242.25	1.07
32	V32	108	1.369	0.063	1676517	4251	394.42	1.69
33	V33	64	1.088	0.028	1044796	3402	307.13	0.35
34	V34	52	0.609	0.021	475089	2763	171.94	0.32
35	V35	102	0.777	0.018	668873	3135	213.38	0.19
36	V36	41	0.772	0.065	371416	1845	201.33	1.42
37	V37	107	1.053	0.031	673198	2591	259.82	0.30
38	V38	15	1.532	0.154	228610	577	395.98	1.12
39	V39	41	0.904	0.017	399433	1653	241.71	0.07
40	V40	73	0.787	0.023	645864	3527	183.13	0.30
41	V41	44	0.753	0.033	355403	1954	181.92	0.38

42	V42	43	0.647	0.041	235233	1487	158.23	0.53
43	V43	94	0.867	0.014	1082181	4845	223.37	0.16
44	V44	50	0.722	0.023	479710	2343	204.76	0.26
45	V45	101	0.767	0.020	741559	3815	194.39	0.27
46	V46	51	0.597	0.017	364223	3054	119.28	0.17
47	V47	31	0.775	0.025	201230	1722	116.85	0.12
48	V48	47	0.502	0.013	171231	1594	107.44	0.07
49	V49	114	1.390	0.046	1075353	3731	288.20	0.60
50	V50	34	2.573	0.103	558223	1231	453.35	0.42

## FACTOR 2

1	L1992	641	1.000	0.009	11356949	31464	360.95	
2	L1993	290	0.741	0.009	2558136	15055	169.92	
3	L1991	268	0.872	0.013	3737834	13650	273.83	
4	L1990	147	1.224	0.026	3512945	5634	623.49	
5	L1997	72	0.827	0.035	966916	2493	387.93	
6	L1996	71	0.871	0.029	1226794	3379	363.06	
7	L1998	54	0.735	0.023	552735	2227	248.15	
8	L1999	41	0.881	0.047	543985	1848	294.43	
9	L1995	12	0.767	0.038	111254	475	234.47	
10	M1992	427	1.000	0.011	5248609	19855	264.35	
11	M1991	352	0.944	0.011	3476916	20743	167.62	
12	M1993	144	0.798	0.020	641964	4078	157.41	
13	M1990	102	1.362	0.042	1191443	3306	360.40	
14	M1999	61	0.686	0.026	611067	2800	218.24	
15	M1996	43	1.086	0.054	335118	1227	273.16	
16	M1998	36	0.933	0.046	359453	1136	316.37	
17	M1997	30	0.763	0.064	228761	1058	216.17	
18	N1993	295	1.000	0.013	2673765	12455	214.68	
19	N1992	68	1.051	0.049	460046	1595	288.42	
20	N1998	34	0.608	0.024	124590	1187	105.00	
21	N1991	26	1.168	0.105	28639	709	40.40	
22	N1997	25	0.878	0.085	124966	455	274.59	
23	N1999	25	0.590	0.056	71334	400	178.41	
24	N1995	12	0.684	0.063	21228	203	104.31	
25	N1996	11	0.578	0.109	35877	169	212.39	
26	N1990	2	0.318	0.525	377	53	7.07	

## FACTOR 3

1	L5	197	1.000	0.014	4173363	11602	359.71	
2	L4	171	0.979	0.017	3055674	8350	365.97	
3	L9	159	0.648	0.012	1957358	7021	278.77	
4	L2	149	0.913	0.019	2244297	5890	381.05	
5	L3	139	0.872	0.019	1930311	6130	314.89	
6	L10	136	0.607	0.014	1905189	6507	292.79	
7	L8	127	0.699	0.013	1563575	6589	237.31	
8	L11	125	0.655	0.016	1879543	5990	313.76	
9	L6	124	0.769	0.014	2129038	7610	279.77	
10	L12	110	0.944	0.024	1624910	4215	385.52	
11	L7	81	0.792	0.018	1180703	3761	313.90	
12	L1	78	1.067	0.028	923587	2560	360.76	
13	M3	156	1.000	0.019	2026689	8334	243.19	
14	M10	125	0.676	0.016	970535	5835	166.33	
15	M2	121	1.188	0.024	1668370	6027	276.80	
16	M11	115	0.697	0.017	964776	6200	155.61	
17	M8	111	0.850	0.019	1016792	4857	209.36	
18	M9	109	0.765	0.017	1154687	5725	201.69	
19	M4	105	1.200	0.028	1345053	5011	268.41	
20	M5	93	1.081	0.032	795643	3412	233.17	

21	M7	70	0.971	0.029	593848	2705	219.53
22	M6	65	1.000	0.033	688165	2316	297.15
23	M1	65	1.276	0.043	595408	2086	285.45
24	M12	60	0.732	0.034	273365	1695	161.26
25	N10	91	1.000	0.034	412396	2682	153.79
26	N9	90	1.170	0.038	468862	2381	196.89
27	N8	52	1.102	0.039	538946	2248	239.73
28	N7	49	1.196	0.038	456890	2273	200.99
29	N11	46	1.157	0.039	401911	2181	184.25
30	N4	41	1.548	0.040	382690	1427	268.23
31	N6	37	1.367	0.049	295290	1677	176.06
32	N3	25	1.435	0.095	92578	399	232.26
33	N5	23	1.565	0.062	274991	1110	247.85
34	N12	19	1.379	0.088	147063	503	292.42
35	N2	13	1.253	0.178	47977	142	338.86
36	N1	12	1.242	0.114	21228	203	104.31

## FACTOR 4

1	L	1596	341.251	1.966	24567548	76225	322.30
2	M	1195	231.243	1.655	12093331	54203	223.11
3	N	498	217.110	2.436	3540822	17226	205.55

## FACTOR 5

1	L1000	303	1.000	0.012	6047254	19643	307.86
2	L 900	289	1.031	0.014	4620637	14235	324.61
3	L1100	274	0.962	0.014	3735003	11704	319.13
4	L 800	243	1.033	0.013	4379712	13440	325.86
5	L1200	174	1.013	0.018	2663529	7783	342.23
6	L 700	128	1.107	0.022	1849015	5378	343.81
7	L1300	71	0.934	0.033	797564	1852	430.76
8	L1400	29	0.864	0.063	229157	480	477.84
9	L 600	28	1.232	0.092	154834	444	348.40
10	L 100	11	0.111	0.018	13322	333	40.03
11	L 200	11	0.161	0.034	6982	439	15.92
12	L1500	10	1.056	0.160	46465	86	537.69
13	L 400	7	0.435	0.171	6062	110	55.07
14	L 500	7	0.722	0.179	5434	48	114.12
15	L 300	6	0.205	0.059	4092	229	17.89
16	L1600	5	0.871	0.254	8486	24	359.07
17	M1100	268	1.000	0.011	4802459	19989	240.26
18	M1000	264	1.045	0.016	2945282	11372	258.98
19	M 900	187	1.131	0.027	1112882	4204	264.73
20	M1200	169	0.934	0.017	1819629	8256	220.41
21	M1300	86	0.826	0.023	723235	3843	188.20
22	M 800	78	1.109	0.050	254210	1288	197.31
23	M1400	41	0.683	0.032	257968	1830	140.99
24	M 700	23	1.034	0.109	73855	391	188.95
25	M 200	22	0.021	0.005	6751	1388	4.87
26	M 300	17	0.043	0.022	1859	268	6.93
27	M1500	16	0.466	0.044	74129	893	83.01
28	M 100	14	0.002	0.002	260	359	0.72
29	M 600	6	1.221	0.220	18105	97	186.30
30	M 500	2	0.394	0.259	663	9	73.94
31	M1600	2	0.595	0.283	2044	17	123.88
32	N 900	83	1.000	0.022	896426	4262	210.33
33	N1000	75	0.976	0.025	665370	3122	213.09
34	N 800	72	1.053	0.029	667885	2827	236.21
35	N1100	68	0.922	0.028	511029	2501	204.36
36	N1200	44	0.980	0.037	364006	1666	218.43

37	N 700	41	1.174	0.044	245001	1048	233.79
38	N 100	24	0.100	0.011	21811	761	28.65
39	N 600	19	1.285	0.096	45717	179	255.76
40	N1300	17	1.017	0.093	94837	366	259.08
41	N 200	15	0.126	0.021	7214	231	31.26
42	N 300	10	0.148	0.052	2239	56	40.16
43	N 500	10	0.499	0.128	5768	77	74.75
44	N1400	9	0.732	0.185	9419	67	140.06
45	N 400	6	0.133	0.089	887	38	23.31
46	N1500	3	0.609	0.241	1999	16	123.02
47	N1700	2	0.829	0.634	1214	7	161.87

determination coefficient: 0.616

Table 2. Distribution of the fishing hours by depth intervals covered by the scientific observers sampling program from 1991 to 1999.

Depth (m.)	DIV. 3L								
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
0- 99				6					
100- 199	275	17	4	34			7		
200- 299	40	48	13						
300- 399	13	3							
400- 599	15	16	14	6				6	
600- 799	451	3011	1550	2132	140	91	330	340	37
800- 999	3232	13824	11996	5549	206	1072	783	1061	191
1000-1199	6219	13066	10615	3577	100	1411	1012	785	1034
1200-1700	930	5800	3255	1782	29	831	368	51	584
<b>TOTAL</b>	11174	35784	27451	13081	475	3405	2500	2243	1845
Depth (m.)	DIV. 3M								
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
0- 99									
100- 199	69	346	101						
200- 299	381	32	261	17			187		
300- 399	35	5	63	155			131		
400- 599	5	6							
600- 799	31	369	50	9				177	184
800- 999	1134	2490	2037	1195		183	213	133	108
1000-1199	11562	13347	4773	5180		839	471	756	535
1200-1700	7328	5023	731	1533		207	57	72	1985
<b>TOTAL</b>	20545	21618	8015	8090		1228	1058	1138	2812
Depth (m.)	DIV. 3N								
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
0- 99	873	669	412	771		924	42	532	
100- 199	397	236	159	435	5	38	3	55	
200- 299	176	149	38	236			5		
300- 399	37		10	31			5		5
400- 599	10	7	27	166				52	34
600- 799	7	296	1150	1566	14		24	145	30
800- 999	39	2866	7139	4898	104	96	220	743	131
1000-1199	23	2187	6043	3639	76	65	144	217	75
1200-1700	4	148	2718	2605	4	13	24	29	70
<b>TOTAL</b>	1566	6557	17695	14347	204	174	1379	1237	932
Depth (m.)	DIV. 3O								
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
0- 99	8	104	79	2			5	14	
100- 199	7	490	307	92			68	16	
200- 299	4	43		38				33	
300- 399	4	4						24	4
400- 599							24	23	
600- 799	5						0	5	
800- 999			130						
1000-1199		9	439						12
1200-1700		15	222						3
<b>TOTAL</b>	29	641	411	922		5	165	64	

Table 3. Mean lengths (cm) at depth in the Spanish Greenland halibut fishery and in the Spanish bottom trawl survey in Division 3N. N.s.= not surveyed strata.

	<i>SURVEY</i>					Depth (m.)	<i>CATCHES</i>			
	<i>Div. 3N</i>						<i>Div. 3N</i>			
Depth (m.)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	1991	1997	1998	1999	
0 - 99	17	25	28	35	30	600 - 799	38	39	40	
100 - 199	21	27	26	35	28	800 - 999	42	41	49	
200 - 299	27	25	22	28	28	1000 - 1199	44	42	50	
300 - 399	31	26	26	29	31	1200 - 1600+	41	48		
400 - 599	26	27	29	29	33		<i>Div. 3L</i>			
600 - 799	35	34	30	32	35	600 - 799	45	42	48	
800 - 999	n.s.	41	40	38	36	800 - 999	51	44	46	
1000 - 1199	n.s.	47	46	46	42	1000 - 1199	54	45	44	
1200 - 1600+	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	46	45	1200 - 1600+	60	55	48	
						600 - 799		46	46	
						800 - 999		47	51	
						1000 - 1199	58	47	49	
						1200 - 1600+	63	53	52	

Table 4. Percentages of mature fish (actual numbers of mature fish sampled in brackets) by depth in the Spanish Greenland halibut commercial catches.

	<i>Div. 3L</i>			
	Depth (m.)	1991	1997	1998
600 - 799	14 (19038)	8 (15840)	10 (11114)	23 (1711)
800 - 999	28 (195368)	14 (54419)	10 (32694)	19 (9769)
1000 - 1199	37 (419875)	15 (70637)	10 (11119)	19 (65674)
1200 - 1600+	50 (58894)	-	40 (1616)	21 (36779)
Total of the year	33 (693175)	13 (140896)	12 (56538)	20 (113933)
<i>Div. 3M</i>				
Depth (m.)	1991	1997	1998	1999
600 - 799	-	-	17 (3732)	17 (9056)
800 - 999	-	21 (11436)	31 (7579)	29 (11204)
1000 - 1199	46 (524050)	19 (34090)	17 (3733)	26 (39000)
1200 - 1600+	56 (266474)	19 (34090)	34 (2013)	33 (87729)
Total of the year	49 (790524)	20 (79616)	17 (17055)	29 (146989)
<i>Div. 3N</i>				
Depth (m.)	1991	1997	1998	1999
400 - 599	-	-	0 (0)	-
600 - 799	-	5 (445)	8 (2649)	5 (627)
800 - 999	-	14 (54394)	8 (11046)	25 (6482)
1000 - 1199	-	12 (7164)	9 (2517)	24 (4336)
1200 - 1600+	-	13 (8167)	12 (771)	5 (670)
Total of the year	-	14 (70169)	9 (16982)	21 (12115)

Table 5. Greenland halibut total biomass index, spawning stock biomass index , percentage of the SSB index over the total biomass index and percentages of the SSB index by depth strata (m) in the spring Spanish bottom trawl surveys (n.s. = not surveyed).

<b>Year</b>	<b>Biomass</b>	<b>SSB</b>	<b>%</b>	<i>Percentages of SSB by depth strata (m.)</i>								
				<b>0-99</b>	<b>100-199</b>	<b>200-299</b>	<b>300-399</b>	<b>400-599</b>	<b>600-799</b>	<b>800-999</b>	<b>1000-1199</b>	<b>1200-1600</b>
<b>1996</b>	34246	8124	24	0	0	0	0	0	4	74	22	n.s
<b>1997</b>	71000	21731	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	90	n.s
<b>1998</b>	147864	33657	23	2	2	0	0	0	3	35	28	29
<b>1999</b>	121043	31664	26	0	0	0	0	0	5	16	42	36

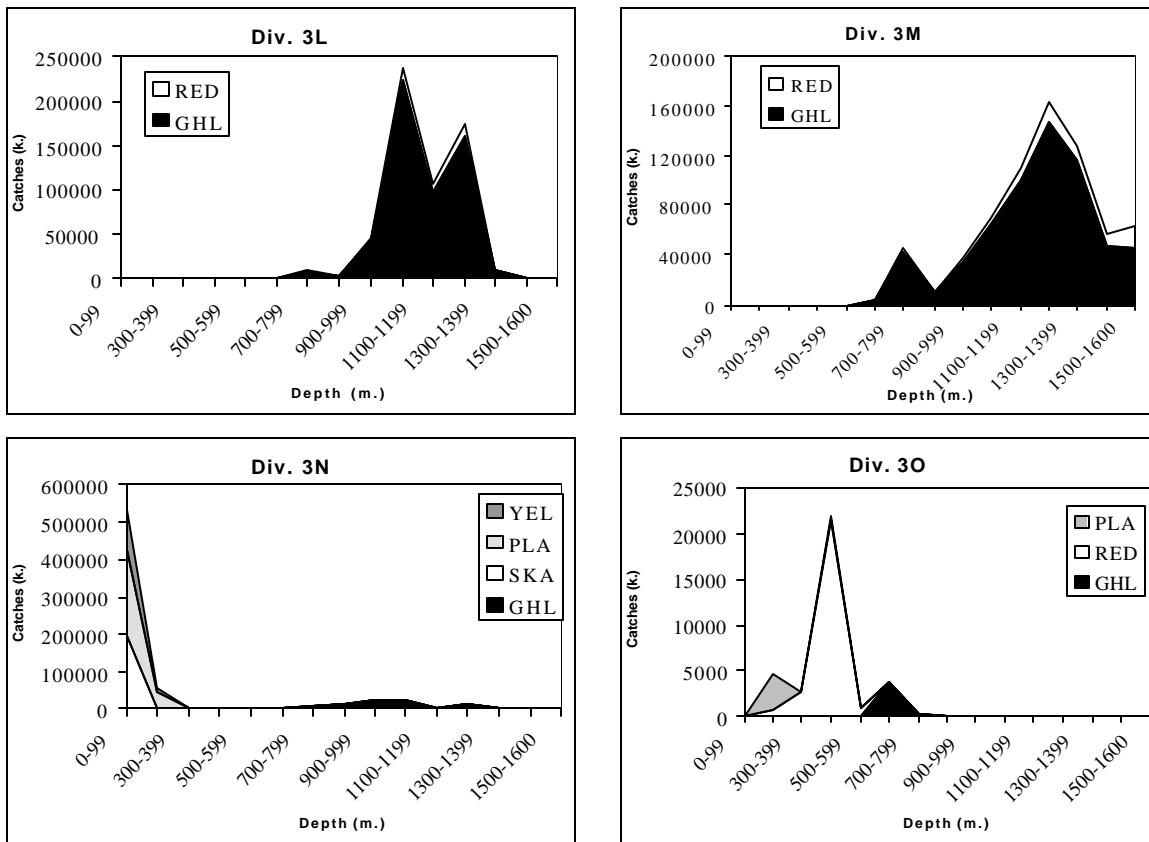


Fig 1. Depth distribution of the catches as recorded by the scientific observers on board the Spanish trawler fleet in 1999.  
 GHL = Greenland halibut; RED = redfish; SKA = skate; PLA = American plaice; YEL = yellowtail flounder.

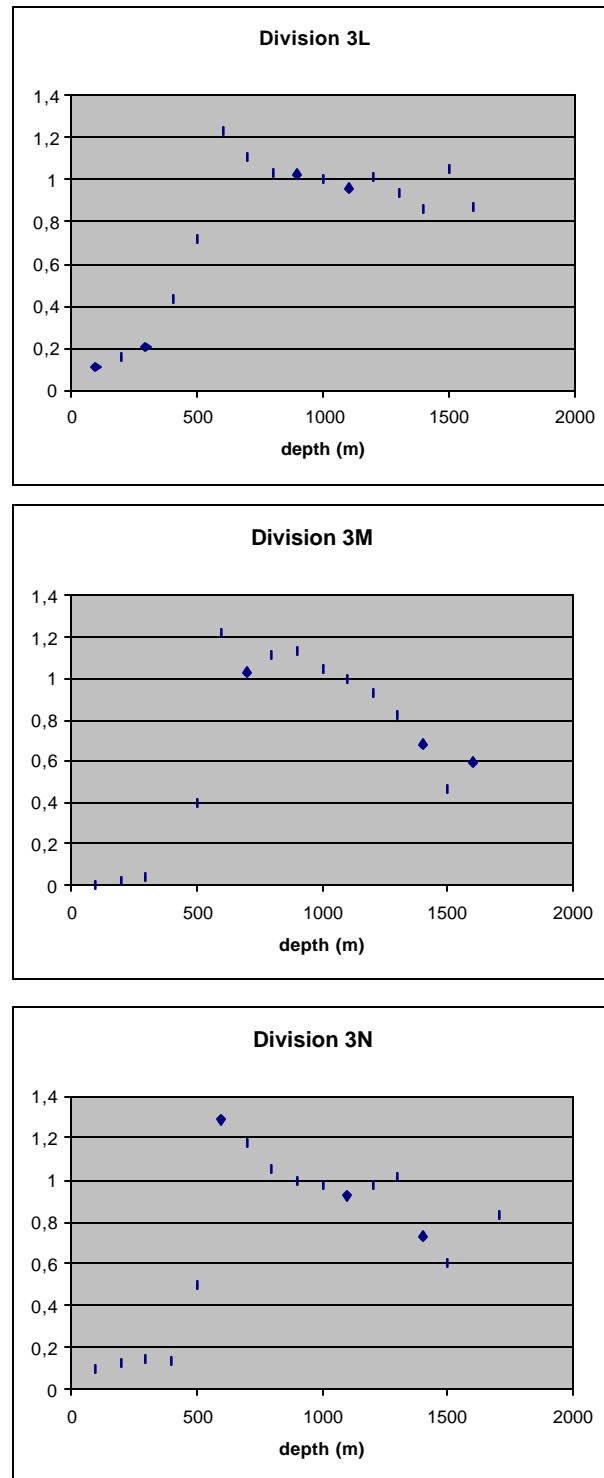


Fig. 2. – Depth factor by Division vs depth in meters.