INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR



THE NORTHWEST ATLANTIC FISHERIES

Serial No.2192 (F.b)

ICNAF Res.Doc.69/25

ANNUAL MEETING - JUNE 1969

Notes for Completion of STANA forms

NOTES FOR THE COMPLETION OF FORM STANA 2: ICNAF (NORTHWEST ATLANTIC) SUMMARY

Prepared by

The Secretary Coordinating Working Party on Atlantic Fishery Statistics FAO Department of Fisheries



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS Rome, October 1968

MI/80833

FAO Fisheries Circular (FAO Fish.Circ.)

A vehicle for distribution of short or ephemeral notes, lists, statistical tabulations etc., including provisional versions of documents to be issued later in other series.

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR THE NORTHWEST ATLANTIC FISHERIES

NOTES FOR THE COMPLETION OF FORM STANA 2

ICNAF (NORTHWEST ATLANTIC) SUMMARY

Deadline for submitting completed blue top copy of form STANA 2 to FAO and the yellow third copy to ICNAF with calendar year data for 196

1. GENERAL NOTES

1.1 USE OF FORM STANA 2

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- 1.11 Form STANA 2, designated in box (i) in the right hand corner ICHAF (HORTHYEST ATLANTIC) SUMMARY, is used by national offices to report annually to ICHAF and FAO nominal catches (quantities on a live weight basis) on an annual calendar year basis for all aquatic animals and plants (except whales) according to this Statistical Area's Sub-areas and Divisions shown in the column heads of the attached drafting pages (printed in red on heavy white paper).
- 1.12 The nominal catch data should refer to the "calendar year of capture", i.e. the year during which the quantities of fish reported were caught.
- 1.13 Form STARA 2 consists of four sheets: blue, pink, yellow and white interleaved with mono-carbons; after completion these sheets are to be distributed as described in Section 1.2 below.
- 1.14 In addition to the STANA 2 forms, single pages (printed in red on heavy white paper) are also provided to the national offices for drafting purposes. These white pages are to be retained in the national offices. FAO has inserted on these drafting pages species lists, fishing areas, and other requirements to be transferred by the reporting office, together with the numerical data, to the STANA 2 forms.
- 1.15 If final annual statistics of nominal catches by divisions are not available by the indicated deadline, member countries should supply their best estimates on STANA 2 forms marked "PRELIMINARY DATA". In such cases the final data should be provided on STANA 2 forms at the time the STANA 1W forms are to be returned.

1.2 RETURN OF COMPLETED FORM STANA 2

Form STANA 2 must be completed in four copies for distribution as follows:

the white and pink copies are detached for retention in the national office;

the yellow copy is sent directly by airmail to:

The Assistant Executive Secretary
ICNAF
c/o Bedford Institute
P.O. Box 638
DARTWOUTH, Nova Scotia, Canada

the blue copy is sent by airmail to:

The Secretary
Coordinating Working Party on Atlantic Fishery Statistics
Fishery Statistics and Economic Data Branch
Department of Fisheries
FAO
00100 ROME, Italy

2. COMPLETION OF FORM STANA 2

2.1 QUANTITIES: NOMINAL CATCHES

- 2.11 Complete the form by inserting annual nominal catch data (landings converted from landed weight to live weight) for each of the species (listed in Column C of the drafting pages) according to the Sub-areas and Divisions (listed in the column headings) of the Statistical Area.
- 2.12 A list of the conversion factors used to convert 1965 landings (landed weight) to nominal catch (live weight) should be provided; for subsequent years only changes in these conversion factors should be reported. The term "live weight" is equivalent to the concepts "round, fresh weight", "whole, fresh weight" or "ex-water weight". Hominal catch data should be given in metric tons expressed to the nearest metric ton.

If units other than metric units are used, give definitions. If data are given in numbers or capacity units please indicate also the conversion factors to calculate the weight equivalents.

2.13 . Quantities too small to be recorded should be shown by "0" or "0.0"; nil entries. when necessary for clarity, should be made by "--".

3. STATISTICAL COVERAGE AND DEFINITIONS

3.1 NOTES ON STATISTICAL COVERAGE

3.11 Inclusions

The statistics should cover the quantities of the annual nominal catches of all aquatic animals and plants (except whales) made by both commercial and subsistence fishermen operating in this Statistical Area. Fish-farming and shellfish-culture within the Statistical Area should also be included.

The statistics for aquatic animals and plants should include species belonging to the following six Divisions of the International Standard Statistical Classification of Aquatic Animals and Plants (see Sections 6 and 7 in the NOTES of the Volumes of the Yearbook of Fishery Statistics subtitled "Catches and landings") caught in this Statistical Area:

- Freshwater and diadromous fishes
 Marine fishes
- 3. Crustaceans, molluscs and other invertebrates
- ••
- 5. Seals and miscellaneous aquatic mammals
- 6. Miscellaneous aquatic animals and residues
- 7. Aquatic plants

3.12 Exclusions

The statistics should exclude the following even when caught in this Statistical Area:

- (a) Catches of large and small-growing whales (species belonging to Groups 4.1 and 4.2, i.e. Division 4 of the International Standard Statistical Classification of Aquatic Animals and Plants; see Sections 6 and 7 in the NOTES of the Volumes of the Yearbook of Fishery Statistics subtitled "Catches and landings").
- (b) Catches made by sport fishermen.
- (c) Discarded catch, i.e. whole fish (not parts of retained fish) returned to the sea at the time of capture.

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- 2.11 Complete the form by inserting annual nominal catch data (landings converted from landed weight to live weight) for each of the species (listed in Column C of the drafting pages) according to the Sub-areas and Divisions (listed in the column headings) of the Statistical Area.
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 Hominal catch data should be given in metric tons expressed to the nearest metric ton.

If units other than metric units are used, give definitions. If data are given in numbers or capacity units please indicate also the conversion factors to calculate the weight equivalents.

2.13 Quantities too small to be recorded should be shown by "O" or "O.O"; nil entries, when necessary for clarity, should be made by "--".

3. STATISTICAL COVERAGE AND DEFINITIONS

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- 1. Freshwater and diadromous fishes
- 2. Marine fishes
- 3. Crustaceans, molluscs and other invertebrates
- •• •••
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- 6. Miscellaneous aquatic animals and residues
- 7. Aquatic plants

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- (a) Catches of large and small-growing whales (species belonging to Groups 4.1 and 4.2, i.e. Division 4 of the International Standard Statistical Classification of Aquatic Animals and Plants; see Sections 6 and 7 in the NOTES of the Volumes of the Yearbook of Fishery Statistics subtitled "Catches and landings").
- (b) Catches made by sport fishermen.
- (c) Discarded catch, i.e. whole fish (not parts of retained fish) returned to the sea at the time of capture.

3.13 Incomplete coverage

Indicate if any particular fishery is not covered by the statistics provided. For example, if subsistence fisheries, fish-farming, shellfish-oulture operations, fisheries based on certain classes of fishing units or using certain types of fishing gear, methods or craft, or fisheries from a particular area are excluded, mention such exclusions in a footnote giving an indication of the magnitude of the fisheries excluded. However, it is generally more useful to receive estimated approximate figures for these fisheries instead of excluding them and mentioning such omissions in a footnote.

3.14 Statistical treatment of direct foreign landings

The statistics on nominal catches (landings on a live weight basis) should include not only the catches landed by the craft from the reporting country in the harbours of that country, but also nominal catches landed in foreign ports by the reporting country's craft. Nominal catches landed in the reporting country by foreign fishing craft should be excluded.

Please indicate the extent to which the statistical procedures in your country comply with this internationally recommended practice.

3.15 Unsorted and unidentified fishes

The quantity of fish reported as unsorted and unidentified should not exceed 10 percent of the total nominal catch or 10,000 metric tons whichever is the less. Should there be difficulties in reporting the catches in the required detail, please use estimates to apportion the unsorted and unidentified quantities to the species or species groups reported.

3.2 BASIC DEFINITIONS

3.21 Definitions of "nominal catches" and "landings"

Term	Definition	Synonyms	Weight basis for expressing data
CATCH	The term "catch", unless otherwise specified, refers to the "nominal catch", i.e., the live weight equivalent of the landings	Landings, round fresh Landings, whole fresh Landings, ex-water weight	Live weight
NOMINAL CATCH	The live weight equivalent of the landings	Landings, round fresh Landings, whole fresh Landings, ex-water weight	Live weight
LANDINGS	The weight of fish and fish products brought ashore, i.e., the actual weight of the quantities landed. This weight represents the net weight of the gutted, eviscerated, filleted, frozen, cured, canned fish and fish products, fish meals, cils, etc. at the time of landing	Landings, landed weight	Landed weight
Gross catch	The weight of the fish taken from sea	Real catch	Live weight
Discarded catch	That part of the gross catch which, as whole fish, is returned to the sea at the time of papture	•••	Live weight
Retained catch	That part of the gross catch which, as whole fish, is not discarded	•••	Live weight

3.22 Notes on "retained catch", "nominal catches" and "landings"

- 3.22.1 The difference between "retained catch" and "landinge" is accounted for by:
 - (a) Consumption by the crew
 - (b) Use for bait
 - (c) Dumping of whole fish because of spoilage or for other reasons (d) Dumping of guts, heads and other parts of the fish because of
 - (d) Dumping of guts, heads and other parts of the fish because of processing
 - (e) Loss or gain of fluid content

Items (a), (b) and (c) above account for the difference between "retained catch" and "nominal catch"; items (d) and (e) account for the difference between "nominal catch" and "landings".

- 3.22.2 The term "landings" is not used synonymously with "number of arrivals" or "trips".
- 3.22.3 It is stressed that the live equivalents (nominal catches) of landings of ALL products, for example meals and oils, from whole so-called "industrial" fish are to be included in the data to be reported. Reporting offices should ensure that such meal, oil and other "industrial" products, when manufactured from viscera, livers, etc. of fish for human food, should not be included in these calculations these raw materials would already be covered by the live equivalent (nominal catches) of the food fish landings.

3.3 NOTES ON STATISTICAL AREA: DEFINITIONS AND BREAKDOWN

3.31 Definition of the "ICNAF (Northwest Atlantic) Statistical Area"

The Area includes:

- (a) The waters of the Northwest Atlantic bounded by a line beginning at a point on the coast of Rhode Island in 71°40' west longitude; thence due south to 39°00' north latitude, thence due east to 42°00' west longitude; thence due north to 59°00 north latitude; thence due west to 44°00' west longitude; thence due north to the coast of Greenland; thence along the west coast of Greenland to 78°10' north latitude; thence southward to a point at 75°00' north latitude and 73°30' west longitude; thence along a rhumb line to a point at 69°00' north latitude and 59°00' west longitude; thence due south to 61°00' north latitude; thence due west to 64°30' west longitude; thence due south to the coast of Labrador; thence in a southerly direction along the coast of Labrador to the southern terminus of its boundary with Quebec; thence in a westerly direction along the coast of Quebec, and in an easterly and southerly direction along the coasts of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Cape Breton Island to Cabot Strait; thence along the coasts of Cape Breton Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island to the point of beginning.
- (b) The waters of the Northwest Atlantic bounded by a line beginning at a point on the coast of Rhode Island in 71°40' west longitude; thence due south to 39°00' north latitude; thence due east to 42°00' west longitude; thence due south to 35°00' north latitude; thence due west to the coast of North America; thence northwards along the east coast of Hatteras Island, past Oregon Inlet along the coasts of North Carolina, Virgina, Maryland, Delaware, New Jersey, New York, Connecticut, and to the point on Rhode Island at 71°40' west longitude.

3.13 Incomplete coverage

Indicate if any particular fishery is not covered by the statistics provided. For example, if subsistence fisheries, fish-farming, shellfish-culture operations, fisheries based on certain classes of fishing units or using certain types of fishing gear, methods or craft, or fisheries from a particular area are excluded, mention such exclusions in a footnote giving an indication of the magnitude of the fisheries excluded. However, it is generally more useful to receive estimated approximate figures for these fisheries instead of excluding them and mentioning such omissions in a footnote.

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3.2 BASIC DEFINITIONS

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Term	Definition	Synonyms	Weight basis for expressing data
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NOMINAL CATCH	The live weight equivalent of the landings	Landings, round fresh Landings, whole fresh Landings, ex-water weight	Live weight
LANDINGS	The weight of fish and fish products brought ashore, i.e., the actual weight of the quantities landed. This weight represents the net weight of the gutted, eviscerated, filleted, frozen, cured, canned fish and fish products, fish meals, oils, etc. at the time of landing	Landings, landed weight	Landed weight
Gross catch	The weight of the fish taken from sea	Real catch	Live weight
Discarded catch	That part of the gross catch which, as whole fish, is returned to the sea at the time of papture	•••	Live weight
Retained catch	That part of the gross catch which, as whole fish, is not discarded	•••	Live weight

3.32 List of ICNAF (Northwest Atlantic) Fishing Areas (Sub-areas and Divisions)

Sub-area	Division				
. 1	1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1E, 1F, 1MK				
2	2G, 2H, 2J, 2WK				
3	3K, 3L, 3M, 3M, 3O, 3P, 3Pm, 3Pm, 3MK				
4	4R, 4S, 4T, 4V, 4Vn, 4Vs, 4W, 4X, 4NK				
5	5Y, 5Ze, 5Zw, 5NK				
. 6	6A, 6B, 6C, 6D, 6E, 6F, 6G, 6H, 6NK				

HK = Subarea not known or Division not known.

^{3.33} For the ICNAF (Northwest Atlantic) Statistical Area, see Fisheries Circular No. 206: "Map of the North Atlantic on an equal area projection showing the ICNAF and ICES Statistical Areas, Sub-areas, Divisions and Sub-divisions".

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FAO Fisheries Circular (FAO Fish.Circ.)

A vehicle for distribution of short or ephemeral notes, lists, statistical tabulations etc., including provisional versions of documents to be issued later in other series.

NOTES FOR THE COMPLETION OF FORM STANA 1W

Prepared by

The Secretary
Coordinating Working Party on Atlantic Fishery Statistics
FAC Department of Fisheries



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR THE NORTHWEST ATLANTIC FISHERIES

NOTES FOR THE COMPLETION OF FORM

STANA 1 W

Deadline for submitting completed yellow top copy of form STANA 1W to ICNAF, and the blue middle copy to FAO with calendar year data for 196



1. GENERAL NOTES

1.1 USE OF FORM STANA 1W

- 1.11 Form STANA 1W is used by national offices to report annually to ICNAF and FAO, for each of the Divisions 1/ comprising the ICNAF Statistical Area 1/ the following data according to classes of fishing units 2/:
 - (a) FISHING EFFORT MEASURES, on a monthly basis, concerning fishing operations in each of these ICNAF Divisions;
 - (b) NCMINAL CATCHES (quantities on a live weight basis) broken down by species on a monthly basis with a calendar year total in each of the Divisions of the ICNAF Statistical Area.
- 1.12 The nominal catch data should refer to the "calendar year of capture" and to the "month of capture", i.e., the year and month during which the quantities of fish reported were caught.
- 1.13 For each of the <u>Divisions</u> of the ICNAF Statistical Area as many separate forms STANA

 1W must be completed as there are <u>classes of fishing units</u> operating there during the calendar years and according to main species sought.
- 1.14 Form STANA 1W consists of three sheets: yellow, blue and white interleaved with mono-carbons; after completion these sheets are to be distributed as described in Section 1.2 below.
- 1.15 In addition to the STANA 1W forms, single pages (printed in red on heavy white paper) are also provided to the national offices for <u>drafting</u> purposes. These white drafting pages are to be retained in the national offices.

1.2 RETURN OF COMPLETED FORM STANA 1W

Form STANA 1W must be completed in three copies for distribution as follows:
the white copy is detached for retention in the national office;
the blue copy is sent by airmail to:

The Secretary
Coordinating Working Party on Atlantic Fishery Statistics
Fishery Statistics and Economic Data Branch
Department of Fisheries
FAO
00100 ROME, Italy

the yellow copy is sent directly by airmail to:

The Assistant Executive Secretary
ICNAF
c/o Bedford Institute
P.O.Box 638
DARTMOUTH, Nova Scotia, Canada

^{1/} See Sections 3.11 and 3.21 below. 2/ See Sections 2.11 and 2.13 below.

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2. CLASSES OF FISHING UNITS

- 2.1 COMPLETION BY REPORTING MATICHAL OFFICE OF BOXES (a), (b), (c) AND (d) OF FORM STANA 1W
 - 2.11 In box (a) insert whichever of the following categories of fishing gear (method) is pertinent:
 - 1. Otter trawls 1.1 Side trawlers 1.2 Stern traulers Pair trawls Beam trawls 3.
 - Purse seines, ring nets, etc.
 - 6. Beach seines
 - Drift gill nets

Danish seines

- 8. Set gill nets (bottom nets)
- Fixed gear (weirs, traps, pote, etc.) 9.
- 10. Long-lines Hand-lines 11.
- 12.
- Dory-type gear
- Other lines 13.
- 14. Dredges
- 15. Harpoons
- Other gear 16.
- 17. Gear that cannot be specified
- 2.12 Leave blank box (b).
- 2.13 In box (c) insert whichever of the following categories of size category (tonnage class) of the fishing craft is pertinent:

Size Category No. Description (Gross Register Tonnage) 1. 50 GRT and less 2. 51 - 150 GRT 3. 151 - 500 GRT 4. 501 - 900 GRT 5. 901 - 1800 GRT over 1800 GRT

2.14 In box (d) insert particulars of the main species sought. This is defined as the species towards which the fishing effort was mainly directed, as determined by the manner or method of fishing. In many cases this is one species, e.g. cod or redfish. The word "mixed" should be inserted when two or more species are sought. The word "unknown" should be inserted when the main species cannot be determined.

1. GENERAL NOTES

1.1 USE OF FORM STANA 1W

- 1.11 Form STANA 1W is used by national offices to report annually to ICNAF and FAO, for each of the Divisions 1/ comprising the ICNAF Statistical Area 1/ the following data according to classes of fishing units 2/:
 - (a) FISHING EFFORT MEASURES, on a monthly basis, concerning fishing operations in each of these ICNAF Divisions;
 - (b) NOMINAL CATCHES (quantities on a live weight basis) broken down by species on a monthly basis with a calendar year total in each of the Divisions of the ICNAF Statistical Area.
- 1.12 The nominal catch data should refer to the "calendar year of capture" and to the "month of capture", i.e., the year and month during which the quantities of fish reported were caught.
- 1.13 For each of the <u>Divisions</u> of the ICNAF Statistical Area as many separate forms STANA

 1W must be completed as there are <u>classes of fishing units</u> operating there during the calendar years and according to main species sought.
- 1.14 Form STANA 1W consists of three sheets: yellow, blue and white interleaved with mono-carbons; after completion these sheets are to be distributed as described in Section 1.2 below.
- 1.15 In addition to the STANA 1W forms, single pages (printed in red on heavy white paper) are also provided to the national offices for <u>drafting</u> purposes. These white drafting pages are to be retained in the national offices.

1.2 RETURN OF COMPLETED FORM STANA 1W

Form STANA 1W must be completed in three copies for distribution as follows:

the white copy is detached for retention in the national office;

the blue copy is sent by airmail to:

The Secretary
Coordinating Working Party on Atlantic Fishery Statistics
Fishery Statistics and Economic Data Branch
Department of Fisheries
FAO
00100 ROME, Italy

the yellow copy is sent directly by airmail to:

The Assistant Executive Secretary
ICNAF
c/o Bedford Institute
P.O.Box 638
DARTMOUTH, Nova Scotia, Canada

^{1/} See Sections 3.11 and 3.21 below.

^{2/} See Sections 2.11 and 2.13 below.

3. COUNTRY, FISHING AREA, ETC.

- 3.1 COMPLETION BY REPORTING NATIONAL OFFICE OF BOXES (e), (f), (g), (h) AND (i) OF FORM STANA 1W
 - 3.11 In box (e) insert the designation (number and alphabetic letter) of the respective .

 Division of the ICNAF Statistical Area where the catches were made; note these designations as follows:

Subarea 1 - Divisions 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1E, 1F

Subarea 2 - Divisions 2G, 2H, 2J

Subarea 3 - Divisions 3K, 3L, 3M, 3N, 3O, 3Pn, 3Ps

Subarea 4 - Divisions 4R, 4S, 4T, 4Vn, 4Vs, 4W, 4X

Subarea 5 - Divisions 5Y, 5Zw, 5Ze

Subarea 6 - Divisions 6A, 6B, 6C, 6D, 6E, 6F, 6G, 6H

1NK, 2NK, 3NK, 4NK, 5NK, 6NK - Subarea known, but divisional breakdown thereof not known.

- 3.12 In box (f) insert the name of the reporting country.
- 3.13 In box (g) insert the calendar year (twelve-month period, 1 January to 31 December).
- 3.14 In box (h) insert the numbering of the form as part of a series of forms completed in respect of each Division.
- 3.15 Leave blank box (i).
- 3.2 SUPPLIMENTARY NOTES ON STATISTICAL AREA
 - 3.21 Definition of the "ICNAF (Northwest Atlantic) Statistical Area"

The Area includes:

- (a) The waters of the Northwest Atlantic bounded by a line beginning at a point on the coast of Rhode Island in 71°40' west longitude; thence due south to 39°00' north latitude, thence due east to 42°00' west longitude; thence due north to 59°00' north latitude; thence due west to 44°00' west longitude; thence due north to the coast of Greenland; thence along the west coast of Greenland to 78°10' north latitude; thence southward to a point at 75°00' north latitude and 73°30' west longitude; thence along a rhumb line to a point at 69°00' north latitude and 59°00' west longitude; thence due south to 61°00' north latitude; thence due west to 64°30' west longitude; thence due south to the coast of Labracor, thence in a southerly direction along the coast of Labrador to the southern terminus of its boundary with Quebec; thence in a westerly direction along the coast of Quebec, and in an easterly and southerly direction along the coasts of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Cape Breton Island to Cabot Strait; thence along the coasts of Cape Breton Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Maine, New Hampshile, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island to the point of beginning.
- (b) The waters of the Northwest Atlantic bounded by a line beginning at a point on the coast of Rhode Island in 71°40' west longitude; thence due south to 39°00' north latitude; thence due east to 42°00' west longitude; thence due south to 35°00' north latitude; thence due west to the coast of North America; thence northwards along the east coast of Hatteras Island, past Oregon Inlet along the coasts of North Carolina, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware, New Jersey, New York, Connecticut, and to the point on Rhode Island at 71°40' west longitude.
- 3.22 For the ICNAF (Northwest Atlantic) Statistical Area, see Fisheries Circular No. 206

4. FISHING EFFORT MEASURES

- 4.1 COMPLETION BY REPORTING NATIONAL OFFICE OF LINES 1, 2, 3, 4 AND 7 OF FORM STANA 1W
 - 4.11 Effort data on a monthly basis are to be inserted, according to priorities specified in Section 4.12 below. Detailed definitions of the effort measures to be reported on lines 1 to 4 are given in Section 4.2 below.
 - 4.12 In giving data on fishing effort, lines (1), (3) and (4) should all be completed. If data to complete (1) cannot be obtained, line (2) should be completed.
 - 4.13 Line 7 should show the extent to which effort data inserted on line 1 (or line 2) and line 3 (or line 4) were not recorded but were obtained by sampling or estimated; insert "none" if the data were 100% recorded.
- 4.2 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES: DEFINITIONS OF FISHING EFFORT MEASURES (LINES 1, 2, 3 AND 4)

Line 1 - No. of hours or 1000 hooks fished

No. of hours fished: for otter trawls this is defined as "the total number of hours during which the trawl was on the bottom and fishing"; if countries are unable to report so precisely they should give the nearest approximation, with the precise definition of the approximation used.

No. of hours fished: for dory vessels this is defined as "the number of hours the dory fleet is absent from the mother vessel times the number of dories".

Thousand of hooks fished: this is defined as "the number of hooks used in each set times the number of sets". This figure should be calculated to the nearest thousand hooks.

For other fishing gear: the number of hours the nets, seines, traps, pots, dredges, harpoons, etc., were used in the fishing operations. This is the product of the number of hours per unit times the number of units.

Line 2 - No. of hauls, drags or sets made

The number of times the fishing gear has been hauled or dragged or set, whichever description is appropriate to the fishing gear or technique used.

Line 3 - No. of days fished

The number of days (24-hour periods, reckoned from midnight to midnight) on which any fishing took place.

For those fisheries in which <u>searching</u> is a substantial part of the fishing operation, days "on grounds" in which <u>searching</u> but not fishing took place, should be included in the days fished data.

Taking into account the inclusion of "searching time" the definition of "number of days fished" could be further refined at the national level if possible as follows: "The number of days (24-hour periods, reckoned from midnight to midnight) on which the fishing craft was on the fishing grounds, intent on catching fish (not counting the time spent steaming to or from port and between grounds) minus the number of fishing days lost through delays from weather, breakdown or other factors".

3. COUNTRY, FISHING AREA, ETC.

- 3.1 COMPLETION BY REPORTING NATIONAL OFFICE OF BOXES (e), (f), (g), (h) AND (i) OF FORM STANA 1W
 - 3.11 In box (e) insert the designation (number and alphabetic letter) of the respective Division of the ICNAF Statistical Area where the catches were made; note these designations as follows:

Subarea 1 - Divisions 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1E, 1F

Subarea 2 - Divisions 2G, 2H, 2J

Subarea 3 - Divisions 3K, 3L, 3M, 3N, 3O, 3Pn, 3Ps

Subarea 4 - Divisions 4R, 4S, 4T, 4Vn, 4Vs, 4W, 4X

Subarea 5 - Divisions 5Y, 5Zw, 5Ze

Subarea 6 - Divisions 6A, 6B, 6C, 6D, 6E, 6F, 6G, 6H

1NK, 2NK, 3NK, 4NK, 5NK, 6NK - Subarea known, but divisional breakdown thereof not known.

- 3.12 In box (f) insert the name of the reporting country.
- 3.13 In box (g) insert the calendar year (twelve-month period, 1 January to 31 December).
- 3.14 In box (h) insert the numbering of the form as part of a series of forms completed in respect of each Division.
- 3.15 Leave blank box (i).
- 3.2 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES ON STATISTICAL AREA
 - 3.21 Definition of the "ICNAF [Northwest Atlantic) Statistical Area"

The Area includes:

- (a) The waters of the Northwest Atlantic bounded by a line beginning at a point on the coast of Rhode Island in 71°40' west longitude; thence due south to 39°00' north latitude, thence due east to 42°00' west longitude; thence due north to 59°00' north latitude; thence due west to 44°00' west longitude; thence due north to the coast of Greenland; thence along the west coast of Greenland to 78°10' north latitude; thence southward to a point at 75°00' north latitude and 73°30' west longitude; thence along a rhumb line to a point at 69°00' north latitude and 59°00' west longitude; thence due south to 61°00' north latitude; thence due west to 64°30' west longitude; thence due south to the coast of Labracor, thence in a southerly direction along the coast of Labrador to the southern terminus of its boundary with Quebec; thence in a westerly direction along the coast of Quebec, and in an easterly and southerly direction along the coasts of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Cape Breton Island to Cabot Strait; thence along the coasts of Cape Breton Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island to the point of beginning.
- (b) The waters of the Northwest Atlantic bounded by a line beginning at a point on the coast of Rhode Island in 71°40' west longitude; thence due south to 39°00' north latitude; thence due east to 42°00' west longitude; thence due south to 35°00' north latitude; thence due west to the coast of North America; thence northwards along the east coast of Hatteras Island, past Oregon Inlet along the coasts of North Carolina, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware, New Jersey, New York, Connecticut, and to the point on Rhode Island at 71°40' west longitude.
- 3.22 For the ICNAF (Northwest Atlantic) Statistical Area, see Fisheries Circular No. 206

4.2 (concluded)

Line 4 - No. of days on grounds

This is defined as the number of days (24-hour periods, reckoned from midnight to midnight) in which the craft was on the fishing ground, and includes in addition to the days fishing and searching also all the other days while the craft was on the ground.

5. NOMINAL CATCHES

- 5.1 COMPLETION BY REFORTING NATIONAL OFFICE OF LINES 8 THROUGH 77 OF FORM STANA 1W
 - 5.11 Complete the form by inserting annual and monthly nominal catch data (landings converted from landed weight to live weight) for each of the categories listed in Column (c) on lines 8 through 77 of form STANA 1W (see Fisheries Circular No. 208).
 - 5.12 A list of the conversion factors used to convert 1965 landings (landed weight) to nominal catch (live weight) should be provided; for subsequent years only changes in these conversion factors should be reported. The term "live weight" is equivalent to the concepts "round, fresh weight", "whole, fresh weight" or "ex-water weight".

 Nominal catch data should be given in metric tons expressed to the nearest metric ton.

If units other than metric units are used, give definitions. If data are given in numbers or capacity units please indicate also the conversion factors to calculate the weight equivalents.

- 5.13 Quantities too small to be recorded should be shown by "O" or "O.O"; nil entries, when necessary for clarity, should be made by "--".
- 5.14 Countries should in the first instance complete lines 18, 19, 28, 29, 30, 38, 53, 74, 75, 76 and 77. The grand total shown on line 8 is the aggregate of the data on the above lines.
- 5.15. Lines 12, 13, 15, 16, 31 through 36, 39 through 47, 49 through 51, 54 and 55, 57 through 59, 61 through 63, 65, 66 are left blank for use by the national office to insert the names of the species included in the sub-totals of lines 74, 75, 76 and 77. Lines 20 through 26 are to be used when breakdown for "Other flounders" is available.
- 5.16 Aggregates of species to be included in the four special sub-totals given in lines 74, 75, 76 and 77 are as follows:

Other Groundfish (line 74) is to cover ALL groundfish species ("OG" species), EXCEPT Halibut, Other flounders, Cod, Haddock, Silver Hake, Redfish.

Other Pelagic Fish (line 75) is to cover ALL pelagic fish ("FF" species), EXCEPT Herring.

Other Fish (line 76) is to cover ALL species not classified as pelagic or demersal, i.e. ALL "OF" species.

Shellfish, etc. (line.77) is to cover all species included under the groups appearing on lines 71 and 72, that is "Crustaceans" and "Mollusos", and on line 73, that is "Sea-cucumbers, sea-urchins, ascidians, etc.", "Turtles, frogs, etc." and "Aquatic plants".

5.2 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES: STATISTICAL COVERAGE

5.21 Inclusions

The statistics should cover the quantities of the annual nominal catches of teleost and cartilaginous fish species, crustaceans, molluscs and other invertebrates, made by both commercial and subsistence fishermen operating in the ICMAF Statistical Area. Fish-farming and shellfish culture in this area should also be included.

The statistics should include teleost and cartilaginous fish species, crustaceans, molluses and other invertebrates, belonging to the following:

ISSCAAP group no.	ISSCAAP groups			
12	Sturgeons			
13	River cels			
14	Salmons, trouts, smelts, etc.			
15	Shade, milkfishes, etc.			
21	Flounders, halibuts, soles, etc.			
22	Cods, hakes, haddocks, etc.			
23	Redfishes, basses, congers, etc.			
24	Jacks, mullets, etc.			
25	Herrings, sardines, anchovies, etc.			
26	Tunas, bonitos, skipjacks			
27	Mackerels, billfishes, cutlassfishes, etc.			
28	Sharks, rays, chimaeras			
29	Unsorted and unidentified fishes			
31	Crustaceans			
32	Kolluscs			
33	Sea-cucumbers, sea-urchins, ascidians, etc.			
61	Turtles, frogs, etc.			
71	Aquatic plants			

For more detailed information see Sections 6 and 7 in the MOTES of the Volumes of the Yearbook of Fishery Statistics subtitled "Catches and landings".

5.22 Exclusions

The statistics should exclude:

- (a) Any diadromous and freshwater teleost fishes caught in freshwater fishing areas, i.e. rivers and lakes, ponds, etc. within the inland areas adjacent to the ICNAP Statistical Area.
- (b) The following marine equatic organisms even when they are caught within the ICNAP . Statistical Area:

Whales

Seals and miscellaneous aquatic mammals Miscellaneous aquatic animals and residues Aquatic plants

- (o) Catches made by sport fishermen.
- (d) Discarded catch, i.e. whole fish returned to the sea at the time of capture.

5.23 Incomplete coverage

Indicate if any particular fish species is not covered by the statistics provided on the various forms.

5.24 Statistical treatment of direct foreign landings

The statistics on nominal catches (landings on a live weight basis) should include not only the catches landed by the craft from the reporting country in the harbours

5.4 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES: STATISTICAL COVERAGE

5.21 Inclusions

The statistics should cover the quantities of the annual nominal catches of teleost and cartilaginous fish species, crustaceans, molluscs and other invertebrates, made by both commercial and subsistence fishermen operating in the ICMAF Statistical Area. Fish-farming and shellfish culture in this area should also be included.

The statistics should include teleost and cartilaginous fish species, crustaceans, molluscs and other invertebrates, belonging to the following:

ISSCAAP group no.	ISSCAAP groups			
12	Sturgeons			
13	River cels			
14	Salmons, trouts, smelts, etc.			
15	Shads, milkfishes, etc.			
21	Flounders, halibuts, soles, etc.			
22	Cods, hakes, haddocks, etc.			
23	Redfishes, basses, congers, etc.			
24	Jacks, mullets, etc.			
25	Herrings, sardines, anchovies, etc.			
26	Tunas, bonitos, skipjacks			
27	Mackerels, billfishes, cutlassfishes, etc.			
28	Sharks, rays, chimaeras			
- 29	Unsorted and unidentified fishes			
31	Crus taceans			
32	Kolluscs			
33	Sea-cucumbers, sea-urchins, ascidians, etc.			
61	Turtles, frogs, etc.			
71	Aquatic plants			

For more detailed information see Sections 6 and 7 in the ECTES of the Volumes of the Yearbook of Fishery Statistics subtitled "Catches and landings".

5.22 Exclusions

The statistics should exclude:

- (a) Any diadromous and freshwater teleost fishes caught in freshwater fishing areas, i.e. rivers and lakes, ponds, etc. within the inland areas adjacent to the ICNAF Statistical Area.
- (b) The following marine aquatic organisms even when they are caught within the ICMAP Statistical Area:

Mhales Seals and miscellaneous aquatic mammals Miscellaneous aquatic animals and residues Aquatic plants

- (o) Catches made by sport fishermen.
- (d) Discarded catch, i.e. whole fish returned to the sea at the time of capture.

5.23 Incomplete coverage

Indicate if any particular fish species is not covered by the statistics provided on the various forms.

5.24 Statistical treatment of direct foreign landings

The statistics on nominal catches (landings on a live weight basis) should include not only the catches landed by the craft from the reporting country in the harbours

of that country, but also the nominal catches landed in foreign ports by the reporting country's craft. Nominal catches landed in the reporting country by foreign fishing craft should be excluded and treated as imports.

Please indicate the extent to which the statistical procedures in your country comply with this internationally recommended practice.

5.3 BASIC DEFINITIONS

5.31 Definitions of "nominal catches" and "landings"

Term	Definition	Synonyms	Weight basis for expressing data
CATCH	The term "catch", unless otherwise specified, refers to the "nominal catch", i.e. the live weight equivalent of the landings	Landings, round fresh Landings, whole fresh Landings, ex-water weigh	Live weight
NOMINAL CATCH	The live weight equivalent of the landings	Landings, round fresh Landings, whole fresh Landings, ex-water weigh	Live weight
LANDINGS	The weight of fish and fish products brought ashore, i.e. the actual weight of the quantities landed. This weight represents the net weight of the gutted, eviscerated, filleted, frozen, cured, canned fi and fish products, fish meals, oil etc. at the time of landing	s h	Landed weight
Gross catch Discarded catc	The weight of the fish taken from se	a Real catch	Live weight
	That part of the gross catch which, as whole fish, is returned to the sea at the time of capture	•••	Live weight
Retained catch	That part of the gross catch which, as whole fish, is not discarded	•••	Live weight

5.32 Notes on "retained catch", "nominal catches" and "landings"

- 5.32.1 The difference between "retained catch" and "landings" is accounted for by:
 - (a) Consumption by the crew
 - (b) Use for bait
 - (c) Dumping of whole fish because of spoilage or for other reasons
 - (d) Dumping of guts, heads and other parts of the fish because of processing
 - (e) Loss or gain of fluid content
 - Items (a), (b) and (c) above account for the difference between "retained catch" and "nominal catch"; items (d) and (e) account for the difference between "nominal catch" and "landings".
- 5.32.2 The term "landings" is not used synonymously with "number of arrivals" or "trips".
- 5.32.3 It is stressed that the live equivalents (nominal catches) of landings of ALL products, for example meals and oils, from whole so-called "industrial" fish are to be included in the data to be reported. These "nominal catch" data should include "industrial" fish reported also on ICNAF Stat. Form 4, but should not include "discards" reported on ICNAF Stat. Form 4. Reporting offices should encure that such meal, oil and other "industrial" products, when manufactured from viscera, livers, etc. of fish for human feed, should not be included in these calculations these raw materials would already be covered by the live equivalent (nominal catches) of the food fish landings.

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This map is referred to in the Notes for completion of STANA forms; for these Notes see the following FAO Fisheries Circulars:

No. 201: Notes for the completion of form STANA 2: ICNAF (NORTHWEST ATLANTIC) SUMMARY

No. 202: Notes for the completion of form STANA 2: ICES (NORTHEAST ATLANTIC) SUMMARY

No. 203: Notes for the completion of form STANA 1W No. 204: Notes for the completion of form STANA 1E

Cette carte est mentionnée dans les Notes sur la manière de remplir les formules STANA; voir les suivantes Fisheries Circulars :

No. 201: Notes sur la manière de remplir la formule STANA 2: RESUME CIPAN (ATLANTIQUE NORD-OUEST)

No. 202: Notes sur la manière de remplir la formule STANA 2: RESUME CIEM (ATLANTIQUE NORD-EST)

No. 203: Notes sur la manière de remplir la formule STANA 1W No. 204: Notes sur la manière de remplir la formule STANA 1E

Este mapa se menciona en las instrucciones para llenar los formularios STANA; ver las siguientes Fisheries Circulars:

No. 201: Instrucciones para llenar el formulario STANA 2: RESUMEN DE LA CIPAN (ATLANTICO NOROESTE)

No. 202: Instrucciones para llenar el formulario STANA 2: RESUMEN DEL CIEM (ATLANTICO NORDESTE)

No. 203: Instrucciones para llenar el formulario STANA 1W No. 204: Instrucciones para llenar el formulario STANA 1E

FAO Fisheries Circular (FAO Fish. Circ.)

A vehicle for distribution of short or ephemeral notes, lists, statistical tabulations etc., including provisional versions of documents to be issued later in other series.

Notes succinctes ou présentant un simple intérêt d'actualité, listes, tableaux statistiques, etc., et versions provisoires de documents destinés à paraître ultérieurement dans d'autres séries.

Es un medio para distribuir notas cortas o efímeras, listas, cuadros estadísticos etc., incluso versiones provisionales de documentos que luego se publicarán en otras series.

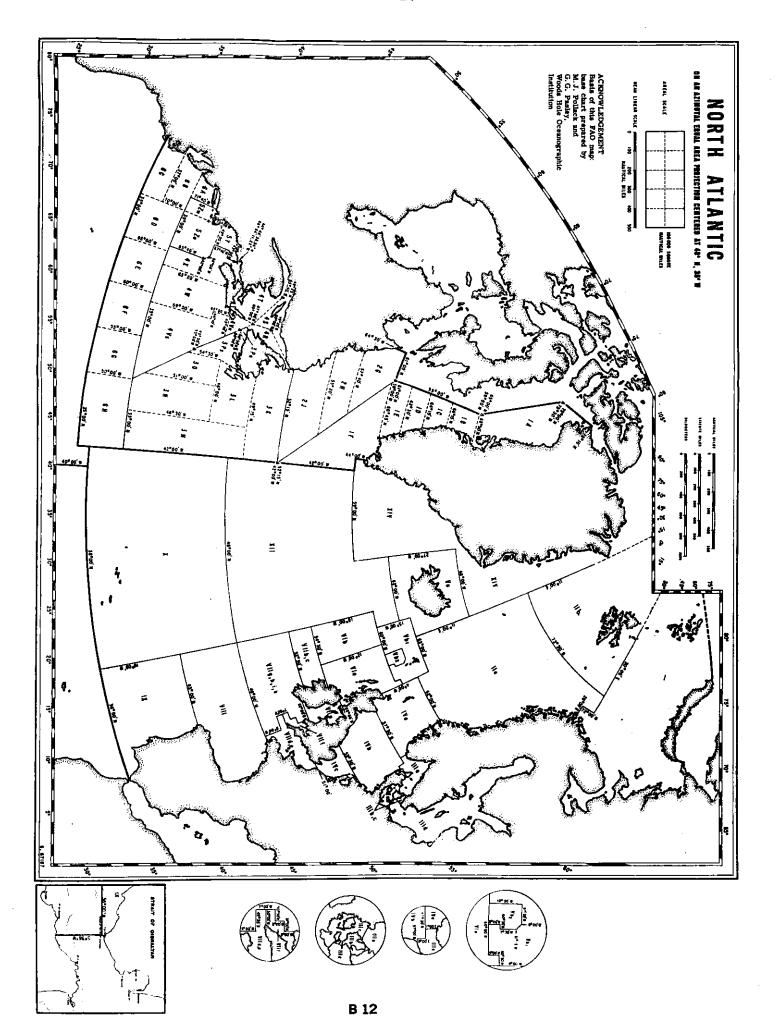
MAP OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC ON AN EQUAL AREA PROJECTION SHOWING THE ICNAF AND ICES STATISTICAL AREAS, SUB-AREAS, DIVISIONS AND SUB-DIVISIONS

CARTE (PROJECTION EQUIVALENTE) DE L'ATLANTIQUE NORD DONNANT LES ZONES, LES SOUS-ZONES, LES DIVISIONS ET LES SOUS-DIVISIONS STATISTIQUES DE LA CIPAN ET DU CIEM

MAPA EN PROYECCION EQUIVALENTE DEL ATLANTICO NORTE INDICANDO LAS AREAS, SUBZONAS, DIVISIONES Y SUBDIVISIONES ESTADISTICAS DE LA CIPAN Y DEL CIEM



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION Rome, April 1969



NORTHWEST ATLANTIC SPECIES NAMES

NOMS DES ESPECES DE L'ATLANTIQUE NORD-OUEST

NOMBRES DE LAS ESPECIES DEL ATLANTICO NOROESTE



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS Rome, October 1968

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE Rome, octobre 1968

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION Roma, octubre de 1968

MI/80826

FAO Fisheries Circular (FAO Fish.Circ.)

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A. DEFINITION OF FISH AND OTHER AQUATIC ANIMAL SPECIES AND THEIR GROUPINGS EITHER LISTED OR TO BE LISTED IN COLUMN C OF FORM STANA 1W

STANA 1W Line No.	ISSCAAP Group No.	ISSCAAP Group, ICNAF species-item	ICNAF No.	I CNAF Group	Scientific name
9		Sturgeons, paddlefishes Sturgeons	4	OF	Acipenser app.
10		River eels . Eel [American eel]	5	OF	Anguilla rostrata (Le Sueur)
12 }	14	Salmons, trouts, smelts, etc Argentines (Silver smelts) Capelin Smelt Salmon [Atlantic salmon] Trouts (Chars)	43 15 14 12 13	OF OF OF OF	Argentina spp. Mallotus villosus (Muller) Osmerus mordax (Mitch.) Salmo salar (L.) Salvelinus spp.
15 }	15	Shads, milkfishes, etc. Hickory shad Alewife Shad Giszard shad	92 9 10 91	OF OF OF	Alosa mediocris (Witch.) Alosa pseudoharengus (Wils.) Alosa sapidissima (Wils.) Dorosoma cepedianum (Le Sueur)
18 201 22 23 24 25 26	21	Flounders, halibuts, soles, e Halibut Halibut (Atlantic) Witch American plaice Yellowtail flounder Summer flounder Winter flounder Greenland halibut Hogchoker	5tc. 50 50 52 51 54 53 49 83	3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Hippoglossus hippoglossus (L.) Glyptocephalus cynoylossus (L.) Hippoglossoices platessoides (Fab.) Limanda ferrujinea (Storer) Paralichthys dentatus (L.) Pseudopleuronectes americanus (Walb.) Reinhardtius hippoglossoides (Walb.) Trinectes maculatus (Bloch and Schneider)
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	22	Cods, hakes, haddocks, etc. Cod [Cod (Atlantic)] Haddock Silver hake Cusk [Tusk (cusk)] Tomcod Pollock [Saithe (pollock)] Red hake a/ White hake a/ Roundnose grenadier	39 41 44 47 40 42 46 45 108	G G G OG OG OG OG	Gadus morhua (L.) Melanogrammus aeglefinus (L.) Merluccius bilinearis (Mitch.) Brosme brosme (Asc.) Microgadus tomcod (Walb.) Pollachius virens (L.) Urophycis chuss (Walb.) Urophycis tenuis (Mitch.) Macrourus (Coryphaenoides) rupestris (Gunn.)
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A. DEFINITION OF FISH AND OTHER AQUATIC ANIMAL SPECIES AND THEIR GROUPINGS EITHER LISTED OR TO BE LISTED IN COLUMN C OF FORM STANA 1W (continued)

STANA 1W Line No.	ISSCAAP Group Fo.	ISSCAAP Group, ICNAF species-item	ICHAF Ho.	ICNAP Groud	Scientific name
_	23	Redfishes. basses. congers. e	to.		
38 • •	• • • •, • •	Redfish	32	G	Sebastes marinus (L.)
		Sand eels (Launces)	55	OG	Ammodytes app.
		Wolffishes	36	OG	Anarhichas spp.
		Sculpins	106	OG	Myoxocephalus app.
		Lumpfish	33	OG	Cyclopterus lumpus (L.)
		Tautog	30	OG.	Tautoga onitis (L.)
		Cunner Tilefish	29	00	Tautogolabrus adspersus (Walb.)
		Angler	35 56	00	Lopholatilus chamaeleonticeps (G. and B.)
		King whiting	28	00	Lophius americanus (Val.)
39		Scup	26 26	OG OG	Wenticirrhus saxatilis (Schn.)
40		Northern puffer	31	OG	Stenotomus chrysops (L.)
41		Searobins	34	OG	Sphoeroides maculatus (Schn.)
42		Ocean pout	38	OG	Prionotus spp.
43 >	•	Conger	6	OF.	Macrozoarces americanus (Schn.) Conger oceanicus (Mitch.)
44 ()		Black sea bass	25	OF	Centropristis striatus (L.)
45		Grunts	8ó	OF	Haemulon spp.
46		Spotted weakfish (Spotted			nosmazon opps
*・*ワー	•	squeteague)	97	OF .	Cynoscion nebulosus (Cuvier)
		Squeteague (Gray weakfish)	27	OF	Cynoscion regalis (Block and Schneider)
		Spot	95	OF	Leiostomus xanthurus (Lacepede)
,		Atlantic croaker	77	OF	Micropogon undulatus (L.)
		Black drum	78	OF	Pogonias cromis (L.)
		Red drum	79	OF .	Sciaenops ocellata (L.)
		Sand perch	88	OF	Diplectrum formosum (L.)
	•	White perch	24	OF	Roccus americanus (Gmelin)
		Striped bass	23	Œ	Roccus saxatilis (Walb.)
		Sheepshead	93	OF.	Archosorgus probatocephalus(Walb.)
		Red porgy	90	OF	Pagrus sedecim (Ginsberg)
	24	Jacks. millets. etc.			
	- •	Crevalle	20	PF	Canana hissas (I)
		Bluefish	21	P r	Caranx hippos (L.)
		Atlantic saury (Billfish)	37	PF	Pomatomus saltatrix (L.) Scomberesox saurus (Walb.)
~		Butterfish	22	PF	Poronotus triacanthus (Peck)
49]		Atlantic silverside	94	OF	Menidia menidia (L.)
50 🦫		Atlantic needlefish	87	OF	Strongylura marina (Walb.)
51	1	Amberjacks	75	OF.	Seriola spp.
		Common pompano	89	OF	Trachinetus carelinus (L.)
		Mullets	107	OF	Mugil app.
		Cobia	76	OF.	Rachycentron canadum (L.)
	,	Northern harvestfish	81	OF	Peprilus paru (L.)
53	25	Herrings, sardines, anchovies, Herring [Herring (Atlantic)]	etc.	PF	Clupea harengus (L.)
54 }		Bay anchovy Menhaden	Ö.	PF DE	Anchoa mitchilli (Val.)
55 }		Thread herring	11	PF	Brevoortia tyrannus (Latrobe)
		THE ARE DELITED	82	OF	Opisthonema oglinum (Le Sueur)

A. DEFINITION OF FISH AND OTHER AQUATIC ANIMAL SPECIES AND THEIR GROUPINGS EITHER LISTED OR TO BE LISTED IN COLUMN C OF FORM STANA 1W

STANA 1W Line No.	ISSCAAP Group No.	ISSCAAP Group, ICNAF species-item	ICNAF No.	ICNAF Group	Scientific name
9		Sturgeons paddlefishes Sturgeons	4	OF	Acipenser Bpp.
10		River eels . Eel [American eel]	5	OF	Anguilla rostrata (Le Sueur)
12 }	14	Salmons, trouts, smelts, etc Argentines (Silver smelts) Capelin Smelt Salmon [Atlantic salmon] Trouts (Chars)	43 15 14 12 13	OF OF OF OF	Argentina spp. Mallotus villosus (Muller) Osmerus mordax (Mitch.) Salmo salar (L.) Salvelinus spp.
15 }	15	Shads. milkfishes. etc. Hickory shad Alewife Shad Gissard shad	92 9 10 91	OF OF OF	Alosa mediocris (Mitch.) Alosa pseudoharengus (Wils.) Alosa sapidissima (Wils.) Dorosoma cepedianum (Le Sueur)
18 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	21	Flounders, halibuts, soles, Halibut Halibut (Atlantic) Witch American plaice Yellowtail flounder Summer flounder Winter flounder Greenland halibut Hogehoker	5te 50 52 51 54 53 49 83	G F F F F F	Hippoglossus hippoglossus (L.) Glyptocephalus cynoglossus (L.) Hippoglossoides platessoides (Fab.) Limanda ferruginea (Storer) Paralichthys dentatus (L.) Pseudopleuronectes americanus (Walb.) Reinhardtius hippoglossoides (Walb.) Trinectes maculatus (Bloch and Schneider)
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	22 • • • • • • • • • • •	Cods. hakes, haddocks, etc. Cod [Cod (Atlantic)] Haddock Silver hake Cusk [Tusk (cusk)] Tomood Pollock [Saithe (pollock)] Red hake a/ White hake a/ Roundnose grenadier	39 41 44 47 40 42 46 45 108	G G G OG OG OG OG	Gadus morhua (L.) Melanogrammus aeglefinus (L.) Merluccius bilinearis (Mitch.) Brosme brosme (Asc.) Microyadus tomcod (Walb.) Pollachius virens (L.) Urophycis chuss (Walb.) Urophycis tenuis (Mitch.) Magrourus (Coryphaenoides)
MI/80826				-	rupestris (Gunn.)

A. DEFINITION OF FISH AND OTHER AQUATIC ANIMAL SPECIES AND THEIR GROUPINGS EITHER LISTED OR TO BE LISTED IN COLUEN C OF FORM STANA 1W (continued)

STANA 1W Line No.	ISSCAAP Group No.	ISSCAAP Group, ICNAF species-item	ICNAF No.	ICNAP Group	Scientific name
57 58 59	26	Tunas, bonitos, skipjacks Bonito Little tuna Skipjack tuna Albacore tuna Yellowfin tuna Bigeye tuna Bluefin tuna	17(d 17(d	PF PF PF PF PF PF	Sarda sarda (Bloch) Euthynnus alletteratus (Rafinesque) Euthynnus (Katsuwonus) pelamys (L.) Thunnus alalunga (Bonn.) Thunnus albacares (Bonn.) Thunnus obesus (Lowe) Thunnus thynnus (L.)
61 62 63	27	Mackerels, billfishes, cutlassfishes, etc. Marlins Swordfish Mackerel King mackerel Spanish mackerel	86 19 16 84 85	PF PF OF OF	Wakaira spp. Xiphias gladius (L.) Scomber scombrus (L.) Scomberomorus cavalla (Cuvier) Scomberomorus maculatus (Mitch.)
65 66	28	Sharks, rays, chimaeras Porbeagle b/ Skates Dogfishes	1 3 2	of of of	Lamna nasus (Bonn.) Raja spp. Squalus and Mustelus spp.
	29	Unsorted and unidentified for Groundfish species Pelagic species Other species	shes	og PF Of	
71}	31	Crustaceans Lobster [Northern lobster] Prawns (Shrimps) Rock crab Blue crab Horseshoe crab	69 71 100 98 99	SF SF SF SF	Homarus americanus (M. Edw.) Pandalus spp. Cancer irroratus (Say) Callinectes sapidus (Rathbun) Limulus polyphemus (L.)
72}	32	Squids Squids Surf clam Soft clam Missels Oyster Bay scallop Calico scallop Sea scallop Ocean quahog Razor clam Quahog Periwinkles	57 61 60 63 64 66 101 65 59 58 68		Loligo and Illex Spp. Spisula solidissima (Dillwyn) Mya arenaria (L.) Mytilus and Volsella Spp. Crassostrea virginica (Gmelin) Aequipecten irradians (Lamarck) Aequipecten yibbus (L.) Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin) Arctica islandica (L.) Ensis directus (Conrad) Mercenaria mercenaria (L.) Littorina Spp.
		Razor clam Quahog	59 58	sp sp	Ensis directus (Conrad) Mercenaria mercenaria (L.)

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A. DEFINITION OF FISH AND OTHER AQUATIC ANIMAL SPECIES AND THEIR GROUPINGS EITHER LISTED OR TO BE LISTED IN COLUMN C OF FORM STANA 1W (concluded)

STANA 1W Line No.	ISSCAAP Group No.	ISSCAAP Group, ICNAF species-item		ICNAF Group	Scientific name
	33	Sea-cucumbers, sea-urchins, ascidians, etc. Worms Sea urchins	72 73	sf sf	Glycera and Neanthes (Nereis) spp. Strongylocentrotus spp.
73}	61	Turtles, frogs, etc. Loggerhead turtles Green turtle Terrapins Slider turtles	104 103 102 105	sf sf sf sf	Caretta spp. Chelonia mydas (L.) Malaclemys spp. Pseudemys spp.
	71	Aquatic plants Seaweeds	74	SF	Rhodymenia, Chondrus, Laminaria etc. spp.

a/ For statistical purposes, the Commission at its 1967 Annual Meeting separated the hakes of the genus Urophycis as follows:

¹⁾ any hake reported for Subareas 1,2, and 3, and Divisions 4R, 4S, 4T, 4Vn, and 4Vs has been designated as White hake (U.tenuis);

²⁾ any hake taken by hook and line from Divisions 4W, 4X, Subarea 5 and 6 has been designated as White hake (U.tenuis);

³⁾ for those regions listed in (2) above, hake caught other than by hook and line has been designated as Red hake (U.chuss).

b/ All species of Sharks, except Dogfishes.

A. DEFINITION OF FISH AND OTHER AQUATIC ANIMAL SPECIES AND THEIR GROUPINGS EITHER LISTED OR TO BE LISTED IN COLUMN C OF FORM STANA 1W (continued)

STANA 1W Line No.	ISSCAAP Group No.	ISSCAAP Group, ICNAF species-item	ICNAF No.	ICNAF Group	Scientific name
57 58 59	26	Tunas, bonitos, skipjacks Bonito Little tuna Skipjack tuna Albacore tuna Yellowfin tuna Bigeye tuna Bluefin tuna	18 96 17(e 17(b 17(d 17(c) PF) PF) PF	Sarda sarda (Bloch) Euthynnus alletteratus (Rafinesque) Euthynnus (Katsuwonus) pelanys (L.) Thunnus alalunga (Bonn.) Thunnus albacares (Bonn.) Thunnus obesus (Lowe) Thunnus thynnus (L.)
61 62 63	27	Mackerels. billfishes, cutlassfishes. etc. Marlins Swordfish Mackerel King mackerel Spanish mackerel	86 19 16 84 85	PF PF PF OF OF	Makaira spp. Xiphias gladius (L.) Scomber scombrus (L.) Scomberomorus cavalla (Cuvier) Scomberomorus maculatus (Mitch.)
65 }	28	Sharks, rays, chimaeras Porbeagle b/ Skates Dogfishes	1 3 2	of of of	Lamna nasus (Bonn.) Raja spp. Squalus and Mustelus spp.
	29	Unsorted and unidentified for Groundfish species Pelagic species Other species	shes	og Pf of	
71}	31	Crustaceans Lobster Northern lobster Prawns (Shrimps) Rock crab Blue crab Horseshoe crab	69 71 100 98 99	SF SF SF SF	Homarus americanus (M. Edw.) Pandalus spp. Cancer irroratus (Say) Callinectes sapidus (Rathbun) Limulus polyphemus (L.)
72}	32	Molluscs Squids Surf clam Soft clam Mussels Oyster Bay scallop Calico scallop Sea scallop Ocean quahog Razor clam Quahog Periwinkles Conchs	57 61 60 63 64 66 101 65 62 59 58 68		Loligo and Illex spp. Spisula solidissima (Dillwyn) Mya arenaria (L.) Mytilus and Volsella spp. Crassostrea virginica (Gmelin) Aequipecten irradians (Lamarck) Aequipecten gibbus (L.) Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin) Arctica islandica (L.) Ensis directus (Conrad) Mercenaria mercenaria (L.) Littorina spp. Strombus and Busycon spp.

B: LIST OF NORTHWEST ATLANTIC SPECIES ARRANGED ACCORDING TO THE ICNAF GROUPS

(Including Designation of Hakes)

GROUPS and names used in ICHAF Statistical Bulletin	ICNAF No.	Scientific name
Groundfish (G) Cod Haddock Redfish Silver hake Halibut	39 41 32 44 48	Gadus morhua (L.) Melanogrammus aeglefinus (L.) Sebastes marinus (L.) Merluccius bilinearis (Mitch.) Hippoglossus hippoglossus (L.)
Flounders (F) American plaice Greenland halibut Hogchocker Summer flounder Winter flounder Witch Yellowtail flounder	52 49 83 54 53 50 51	Hippoglossoides platessoides (Fab.) Reinhardtius hippoglossoides (Walb.) Trinectes maculatus (Bloch and Schneider) Paralichthys dentatus (L.) Pseudopleuronectes americanus (Walb.) Glyptocephalus cynoglossus (L.) Limanda ferruginea (Storer)
Other groundfish (OG) Angler Cunner Cusk King whiting Lumpfish Norther puffer Ocean pout Pollock (Saithe) Red hake Roundnose grenadier Sand eels (Launces) Sculpins Scup Searobins Tautog Tilefish Tomcod White hake Wolffishes	56 29 47 28 33 31 38 46 46 55 106 34 35 45 36	Lophius americanus (Val.) Tautogolabrus adspersus (Walb.) Brosme brosme (Asc.) Merticirrhus saxatilis (Schn.) Cyclopterus lumpus (L.) Sphoeroides maculatus (Schn.) Macrozoarces americanus (Schn.) Pollacchius virens (L.) Urophycis chuss (Walb.) Macrourus (Coryphaenoides) rupestris (Gunn.) Ammodytes spp. Myoxocephalus spp. Stenotomus chrysops (L.) Prionotus spp. Tautoga onitis (L.) Lopholatilus chamaeleonticeps (G.and B.) Microyadus tomcod (Walb.) Urophycis tenuis (Mitch.) Anarhichus spp.
Herring (PF) Herring	7	Clupea harengus (L.)



B. LIST OF NORTHWEST ATLANTIC SPECIES ARRANGED ACCORDING TO THE ICNAF GROUPS (continued)

GROUPS and names used in ICNAF Statistical Bulletin	ICNAF No.	Scientific name
Other pelagic fish (PF)	49(2)	m
Albacore tuna Atlantic saury (Billfish)	17(b)	Thunnus alalunga (Bonn.)
Bay anchovy	37 8	Scomberesox saurus (Walb.) Anchoa mitchilli (Val.)
Bigeye tuna	17(0)	Thunnus obesus (Lowe)
Bluefin tuna	17(a)	Thunnus thynnus (L.)
Bluefish	21	Pomatomus saltatrix (L.)
Boni to	18	Sarda sarda (Bloch)
Butterfish	22	Poronotus triacanthus (Peck)
Crevalle	20	Caranx hippos (L.)
Little tuna	96	Euthynnus alletteratus (Rafinesque)
Mackerel Marlins	16 86	Scomber scombrus (L.)
Menhaden	11	Makaira app.
Skipjack tuna	17(e)	Brevoortia tyrannus (Latrobe) Euthynnus (Katsuwonus) pelamis (L.)
Swordfish	19`	Xiphias gladius (L.)
Yellowfin tuma	17(d)	Thunnus albacares (Bonn.)
		(Doint)
Other fish (OF)		
Alewife	9	Alosa pseudoharengus (Wils.)
Amberjacks	75	Seriola spp.
Argentines (Silver smelts)	43	Argentina app.
Atlantic croaker	ii ั	Wicropogon undulatus (L.)
Atlantic needlefish	87	Strongylura marina (Walb)
Atlantic silverside	94	Menidia menidia (L.)
Black drum	78	Pogonias cromis(L.)
Black sea bass	25	Centropristes striatus (L.)
Capelin	15	Mallotus villosus (Muller)
Cobia	76	Rachycentron canadum (L.)
Common pompano	89 6	Trachinotus carolinus (L.)
Conger Dogfishes	.2	Conger oceanicus (Mitch.) Squalus & Mustelus app.
Eel	5	Anguilla rostrata (LeSueur)
Gizzard shad	91	Dorosoma cepedianum (LeSueur)
Grunts	80	Haemulon app.
Hickory shad	92	Alosa mediocris (Mitch.)
King mackerel	84	Scomberomorus cavalla (Cuvier)
Mullets	107	Mugil spp.
Northern harvestfish	81	Peprilus paru (L.)
Porbeagle a/	_1	Lamna nasus (Bonn.)
Red drum	79	Sciaenops ocellata (L.)
Red porgy Salmon	90	Pagrus sedecim (Ginsberg)
Sand perch	12 88	Salmo salar (L.)
Shad	10	Diplectrum formosum (L.)
Sheepshead	93	Alosa sapidissima (Wils.) Archosargus probatocephalus (Walb.)
Skates	رِّ آ	Raja spp.
Smelt	14	Osmerus mordax (Mitch)
Spanish mackerel	85	Scomberomorus maculatus (Mitch.)
Spot	95	Leiostomus xanthurus (Lacépède)
Spotted weakfish	97	Cynoscion nebulosus (Cuvier)
Squeteague (Gray weakfish)	27	Cynoscion regalis (Block and Schneider)
Striped bass	23	Roccus saxatilis (Walb.)
Sturgeons	.4	Acipenser spp.
Thread herring	82	Opisthonema oglinum (LeSueur)
Trouts (Chars) White perch	13 24	Salvelinus spp.
	£4	Roccus americanus (Gmelin)

B. LIST OF NORTHWEST ATLANTIC SPECIES ARRANGED ACCORDING TO THE ICNAF GROUPS

(Including Designation of Hakes)

GROUPS and names used in ICNAF Statistical Bulletin	ICNAF No.	Scientific name
Groundfish (G) Cod Haddock Redfish Silver hake Halibut	39 41 32 44 48	Gadus morhua (L.) Melanogrammus aeglefinus (L.) Sebastes marinus (L.) Merluccius bilinearis (Mitch.) Hippoglossus hippoglossus (L.)
Flounders (F) American plaice Greenland halibut Hogchocker Summer flounder Winter flounder Witch Yellowtail flounder	52 49 83 54 53 50 51	Hippoglossoides platessoides (Fab.) Reinhardtius hippoglossoides (Walb.) Trinectes maculatus (Bloch and Schneider) Paralichthys dentatus (L.) Pseudopleuronectes americanus (Walb.) Glyptocephalus cynoglossus (L.) Limanda ferruginea (Storer)
Other groundfish (OG) Angler Cunner Cusk King whiting Lumpfish Norther puffer Ocean pout Pollock (Saithe) Red hake Roundnose grenadier Sand eels (Launces) Sculpins Scup Searobins Tautog Tilefish Tomcod White hake Wolffishes	56 29 47 28 33 31 38 42 46 108 55 106 26 34 30 35 40 45 36	Lophius americanus (Val.) Tautogolabrus adspersus (Walb.) Brosme brosme (Asc.) Merticirrhus saxatilis (Schn.) Cyclopterus lumpus (L.) Sphoeroides maculatus (Schn.) Macrozoarces americanus (Schn.) Pollacchius virens (L.) Urophycis chuss (Walb.) Macrourus (Coryphaenoides) rupestris (Gunn.) Ammodytes spp. Myoxocephalus spp. Stenotomus chrysops (L.) Prionotus spp. Tautoga onitis (L.) Lopholatilus chamaeleonticeps (G.and B.) Microgadus tomcod (Walb.) Urophycis tenuis (Mitch.) Anarhichis spp.
Herring (PF) Herring	7	Clupea harengus (L.)

B. LIST OF NCRTHWEST ATLANTIC SPECIES ARRANGED ACCORDING TO THE ICNAF GROUPS (concluded)

GROUPS and names used in ICNAF Statistical Bulletin	ICNAF No.	Scientific name
Shellfish, etc. (SF)		
Bay scallop	66	Aequipecten irridians (Lamarck)
Blue crab	98	Callinectes sapidus (Rathbun)
Calico scallop	101	Aequipecten gibbus (L.)
Conchs	67	Strombus & Busycon spp.
Green turtle	103	Chelonia mydas (L.)
Horseshoe crab	99	Lymulus polyphemus (L.)
Lobster	69	Homarus americanus (M. Edw.)
Loggerhead turtles	104	Caretta spp.
Mussels	63	Mytilus & Volsella spp.
Ocean quahog	62	Arctica islandica (L.)
Oyster	64	Crassostrea virginica (Gmelin)
Periwinkles	68	Littorina app.
Prawns (Shrimps)	71	Pandalus spp.
Quahog	58	Mercenaria mercenaria (L.)
Razor clam	59	Ensis directus (Conrad)
Rock crab	100	Cancer irroratus (Say)
Sea scallop	65	Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)
Sea urchins	73	Strongylocentrotus spp.
Seaweeds	74	Rhodymenia, Chondrus, Laminaria, etc.spp.
Slider turtles	105	Pseudemys spp.
Soft clam	60	Nya arenaria (L.)
Squids	57	Loligo & Illex spp.
Surf clam	61	Spisula solidissima (Dillwyn)
Terrapins	102	Malaclemys spp.
WOITE	72	Glycera & Neanthes (Nereis) spp.

a/ All species of Sharks, except Dogfishes

For statistical purposes, the Commission at its 1967 Annual Meeting separated the hakes of the genus Urophycis as follows:

Int. Comm. Northw. Atlant. Fish., Redbook 1967, Part I, p.59.

¹⁾ any hake reported for Subareas 1,2, and 3, and Divisions 4R,4S,4T, 4Vn, and 4Vs has been designated as White hake (U.tenuis);

²⁾ any hake taken by hook and line from Divisions 4W, 4X, Subarea 5 and 6 has been designated as White hake (U.tenuis);

³⁾ for those regions listed in (2) above, hake caught other than by hook and line has been designated as Red hake (U.chuss).

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