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Portuguese Research Report, 1971

by

Manuel Lima Dias Instituto de Biologia Maritima, Lisbon

The total Portuguese cod catch in the ICNAF Area in 1971 was 152,557 metric tons (Table 1 and Fig. 1) which was 10,000 tons less than in 1970.

Table 1.

		Trawl		Line		
Subarea	Side	Stern	Total	Dory vessel	Gill nets	Total
1	577	728	1,305	2,169	2,821	6,295
2	18,788	15,506	34,294	-	- ⁻	34,294
3	52,632	17,797	70,429	14,882	9,369	94,680
4	12,506	4,782	17,288	· -	-	17,288
	84,503	38,813	123,136	17,051	12,190	152,557

It should be noted that in 1971 some of the dory vessels changed to gill nets which present more benefits than the dory vessels. The dory vessel catch was slightly bigger than the gill net catch (17,051 tons from dory vessels, against 12,190 from gill netters). The total otter trawl catch of cod decreased in 1971 from 131,884 tons in 1970 to 123,316 tons (Table 1, Fig. 1). The otter trawl fishery was carried out in Subareas 1-4 and took more than four times the tonnage landed from the dory vessel and the gill net fisheries. The greatest decline was in the dory fishery: 30,771 tons in 1970 and 17,051 tons in 1971. As in 1970, the 1971 Portuguese side-trawler landings were greater than by the stern trawlers. Except in Subarea 1, side-trawler landings were also greater than that by the stern trawlers.

Table 2 shows cod catch and effort by side and stern trawlers, dory vessels and gill net vessels by Division and Subarea. Catch and effort by Subareas, months and quarters of the year are shown for side and stern trawlers in Table 3, and for dory vessels and gill net vessels in Table 4. Side and stern otter trawl, dory vessel, gill net and total catches are shown by Subareas in Figure 2 and by months in Figure 3.

The tables and figures show that the trawlers operated in Subareas 1-4 but fished mainly in Subareas 3 and 2, over all quarters of the year. Dory and gill net vessels visited Subareas 1 and 3. The greatest trawler catch was 20,108 tons taken in February (13,848 tons by side trawl and 6,260 tons by stern trawlers). The dory vessels worked over the second and third quarters in Subareas 1 and 3, with the best fishery occurring in August (4,549 tons) and July (4,398 tons) in Subarea 3. The Subarea 1 catch was lower, only 2,169 tons in both quarters of the year (Table 4), than the catch from Subarea 3, where, for the same period, 14,882 tons were landed.

The gill net fishery also took place in Subareas 1 and 3, but over all quarters of the year; mainly in the second and third in Subarea 3, with 4,284 tons and 3,224 tons respectively (Table 4). The gill net landings were only 2,821 tons from Subarea 1, and 9,369 tons from Subarea 3. The best gill net fishery took 2,440 tons in June in Subarea 3 (Table 4). The present report, in addition to reviewing the status of fisheries, presents also data on length, age, maturity and probable age at first maturity, obtained from random sampling on board commercial trawlers before discarding the undersized fish. Detailed information on length and age samples are included in the ICNAF Sampling Yearbook. PABLE 2 - COD LANDINGS (METRIC TONS) AND EFFORT BY PORTUGUESE FLEET, BY ICMAF DIVISIONS - (1971)

	Tott to										
		100	6111	net		Tart.			Total	Trawl	Total General
					Sidi	6	Ster	#			
	Jon s	Dor	Tons	Eoure	Tons	HOUTS	Tons	Hours	Tons	Houra	
		-lours		out		fishing		fishing		fishing	Tons
TB	4	66					N	80	2	æ	
2	1,224	38,722	2,714	56,715	499	510	575	470	1,074	980	5 012
9	941	41,735	Tot	2,072	78	76	70	41	148	711	1.196
£]							18	25	18	25	18
otal	2,169	80,523	2,821	60,787	577	586	728	544	1,305	1,130	6,295
2H							4,336	1,877	4, 336	1,677	4.336
21					18,768	12,544	11,170	6,234	29,958	16,778	29,958
otal					18,769	12,544	15,506	¢,111	34,294	20,655	34,294
35					3, 758	3,856 _		1, 5 <u>1</u> 0	5*492	5,366	5.492
31	13, 265	486,832	4,524	137,202	44.195	45,586	12,272	11,923	56,467	57,509	74.256
31			, in the second s		5, 673	3,939	5,599	3,133	7.272	7,072	7,272
38	1,617	65, 391	4,442	131,500	16	29		-	31	29	6,075
<u>R</u>			403	11,879	111	228			111	228	514
3Pn					1 86 1	673	192	711	066	190	066
5 P 8					81	68		·*	81	68	81
otal	14,682	552,223	9,369	280, 581	52,632	54, 579	167 , 71	16,683	70,429	71,062	94,680
1K		_			12,467	7,149	4.677	1,784	17,144	8,933	17,144
I uAt					12	33	105	100	126	153	126
SA5					16	23			18	21	18
otal					12,506	7,203	4,782	1,884	17,289	280'6	17,288
J.AL	17,051	632,746	12,190	341,366	84,503	74,712	38,813	27,222	123, 316	101,934	152,557

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TABLE 3

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PORTUGUESE COD CATCH AND EFFORT - TRAVL FLEET 1971

								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		÷	<u>.</u>	2	L	3	ļ	4	7	OTAL
Logthe Trawl	Tons	e Boure fishing	Tens	i Hours fishing	Tons	s Hours fishing	а Толя І	Jours fishing	Tons	Sours fishing
Jan. Stern		:	5,144	2,733	116	90	19	130	5,279	2,953
Total		i	1 2172	2,407	1 294	170	. –	· -	6,267	2,577
		:	1	5,000	1	; 200	1 19	130	11,540	5,530
Side		:	2,879	1,807	470	315	10,499	5,559	13,848	7,681
Febr. Stern		:	1,478	622	112	145	4,470	1,638	6,260	2,405
10121		-	4,357	2,429	,782	460	14,969	7,197	20,108	10,086
Side			ь 1	•	1 12.241	7.849	1 1,988	1.514	14,220	
Zarch. Stern		•	:		2,965	1,725	312	246	3.277	1.971
Total		<u>; </u>			15,206	9,574	2,300	1,760	17,506	11,334
31de			8,023	4,540	12,827	8,254	12,506	7,203	33,356	19,997
Total			7,451	3,029	3,571	2,040	4,782	1,884	15,804	6,953
	<u> </u>		15,474	7,569	16,398	10,294	17,288	9,087	49,160	26,950
Side April. Stern		. 12	4,920	1,892	8,500	7,311	1 ¢		13,420	9,203
Total	1	12	T.643	:	1 312	240	()		3,039	1,063
		-	1 11040	2,103	1 0,015	1,001	i		16,459	10,266
Side	571	586	571	407	6,598	7,984	1 1	:	7,746	8,977
Total	724	532	265	137	: 112	129			1,101	798
71.da	1,301	1,110	536	544	6,710	4,113			8,847	9,775
June. Stern		•	3,028	3,174	6,183	6,541	1		9,211	9,715
Total	1		947	955	1,456	1,426			2,403	2,381
<u> </u>				4,129	, 7,039	7,967	·		11,614	12,096
31de	577	586	8,519	5,473	21,282	21,836		:	30,377	27,895
Total	1 305	544	3,935	1,903	1,850	1,795			6,543	4,242
		1,130	12,474	7,379	23,161	23,631			36,920	32,137
Side July. Stern			19	56 845	7,501	9,199	1		7,520	1 1 9,255
Total			611	621	10,285	2,462	l I		3,376	3,027
Side			126	117	3.426	6,284			1.554	i I 6.401
Ang. Stern	1		495	432	2,542	2,896			3.037	3.328
Tutal			621	549	5,970	9,180			6,991	9,729
Side			145	127	3,#23	4,247		i l	3.758	4.374
Sept. Stern			414	340	4,010	3,805			4,424	4,125
Total			559	441	7,623	8,052	·		6,182	8,499
Side 3 rd Guarter Steva			290	300	14,942	19,730			14,832	20,030
Total			1,501	1,327	9,136	9,263			10,837	10,480
	<u> </u>			1+01/	23,070	20,093			25,669	1 30,510
Side Ont Store			203	360	1,867	2,524			2,070	2,884
Tatal	[146	299	2,180	2,076			2,326	2,935
04.J.			349	619	4,047	5,300			4,396	5,819
alde New, Steve			884	952	1,333	1,276			2,217	2,228
Tetal			494	441 1	799	965			1,293	1,406
Side			****	4,393	2,432	2,241			3,510	3,634
Dec. Stern			1 009	919 1	782	759			1,651	1,678
Total		:	2.848	2.081	813	44 601			2,010	1,206
	<u>∤</u> ;								3,961	2,884
th Cuarter Stern		1	1,956	2,231	3,902	4,559			5,938	6,790
Total			2,619	1,002	3,010	3,685			5,629	51547
	<u>├</u>			41095	91332	v1344	~~		11,567	12,337
Total Side Treal	577	586	18,788	12,544	52,632	54,379	12,506	7,203	84,503	74,712
	120	544 1	15,506	8,111	17,797	16,683	4,782	1,884	38,813	27,222
Total Trawl	1,305	1,130	34,294	20,655	70,429	71,062	17,285	9,087	123,316	101,934

Table 4. Cod catch and effort by Portuguese dory vessels and gill net fleet.

		SUBARE	A 1			SUBARE	A 3			SUBAREAS	1+3		SUBAREAS
	Line f:	ishery	a 1110	e ta	Line f	1shery	CHII II	13	Line f.	ishery	C411 B	ete	T+3
Men the	Tens	Bory-	Tons	Hours	Tons	Dery-	Tons	llours	Tens	Dery-	ane T	lieurs	TORNS
•		-heur		out		-heur		eut		-heur		eut	
March							212	6,120			212	6,120	212
let quarter							212	6,120			212	6,120	212
April .							454	19,019			464	19,019	454
Mey				-	2,338	106,839	1,390	44,650	2,338	106,839	1,390	44,650	3,728
June	1,661	55,047			829	62,232	2,440	63 , 655	2,490	117,279	2,440	63,655	4,930
2 nd quarter	1,661	55,047			3,167	169,071	4,284	127,324	4,828	224,118	4,284	127,324	9,112
July	508	25,476			4,398	155,524	2,012	62,962	4,906	181,000	2,012	62,962	6,918
Angust			1,452	25,841	4,549	125,900	642	24,130	4,540	125,900	2,094	49,971	6, 643
September			1,369	34,946	2,768	101,728	570	15,300	2,768	101,728	1,939	50,246	4,707
3 rd quarter	508	25,476	2,821	60,787	11,715	383,152	3,224	102,392	12,223	408,628	6,045	163,179	18,268
October							1,649	44, 745			1,649	44, 745	1,640
4st quarter							1,649	44, 745			1,649	44, 745	1,649
TOTAL	2,169	80,523	2,821	60,787	14,882	552, <u>9</u> 223	9,369	280,581	17,051	632, 746	12,190	341,368	29,241

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Subarea 1

A. Status of the fisheries

The otter trawlers took 1,305 tons in Div. 1B, 1C, 1D, and 1F during April and May (Tables 2 and 3, Fig. 3); the best catch was made by the stern trawlers, 728 tons against 577 tons by the side trawlers. The catch in April was very low only 4 tons. The dory and gill net fisheries were not very important in this Subarea. Dory vessels fishing in June and July only landed 2,169 tons (Table 4); catches from gill nets amounted to 2,821 tons taken in August (1,452 tons) and September (1,369 tons) (Table 4, Fig. 3).

B. Special research studies

Samples for biological study were collected from Div. 1C, 1D, 1E, between 4 and 23 May 1971 as follows:

			Depth		Lengths ¹
Div.	Samples	Date	<u>(m)</u>	No.	Average in cm
10	A	5-23 May	180-290	525	64.6
1D	В	6-17 May	200-250	325	62.6
1E	С	5-11 May	300-600	150	67.6

 1 Lengths ranged from 43 cm to 103 cm (3-cm classes) (Fig. 4).

Subarea 2

A. Status of the fisheries

Only the otter trawlers fished in this Subarea. A total of 34,294 tons was taken in Div. 2H and 2J. The stern trawlers took 4,336 tons in Div. 2H and 11,170 tons in Div. 2J, while the side trawlers took 18,788 tons in Div. 2J only (Table 2, Fig. 2).

Table 3 and Fig. 3 show that the greatest catch was made in the first quarter, with 15,474 tons landed (8,023 tons by side trawlers and 7,451 by stern trawlers). The highest trawler catch was made in January, 11,117 tons (5,973 by stern trawlers and 5,114 by side trawlers).

B. Special research studies

Samples for biological study were collected from a commercial trawler, in Div. 2J, in the second quarter of the year as follows:

Div.	Samples	Date	Depth (m)	Fish lengths (No.)	Fish otoliths (No.)
2 J	A	17-23 April	280-400	975	400
2J	В	29-31 May	260-290	599	100
2J	С	1-13 June	250 320	1,325	200

a. Length composition

Length (Fig. 5) ranged from 34 cm to 121 (3-cm classes); mean lengths were 56.9 cm in sample A (April); 49.6 cm in B (May); and 52.3 cm in C (June).

b. Age composition

Ages ranged from 4 to 19 years with 5, 6, and 7-year-olds dominant, while in April 8-year-olds were also quite well represented; mean ages were 7.2 in sample A; 6.3 in B, and 6.5 in C.

c. Growth

Average length (cm) at age of cod caught by trawl, sampled during the second quarter are shown below.

<u>Div. 2J</u>

Year-class	Age-group	April	May	June	No. of fish
1967	IV	43.0	37.4	32.2	2
1966	V	45.1	45.2	44.3	86
1965	VI	51.4	48.6	49.6	235
1964	VII	57.4	54.4	55.0	201
1963	VIII	61.8	59.0	60.2	99
1962	IX	65.4	64.8	65.0	38
1961	X	71.4	68.9	72.3	13
1960	XI	71.9	69.5	71.3	6
1959	XII	70.2	69.6	70.8	7
1958	XIII	72.3	65.2	72.6	4
1957	XIV	80.6	74.6	75.8	6
1956	XV	68.7	64.0	71.2	2
1955	XVI	_	-	-	-
1954	XVII	-	-	_	_
1953	XVIII	-	-	-	_
1952	XIX	76.0	-	76.0	1

Lengths (cm)

d. <u>Stage of maturity</u>

Figure 6 shows that it was possible to identify several stages of maturity in the males and in the females. In both the resting or recovering stage presents a higher percentage in April and May than in June. The other stages were observed in the males with a predominance of the spawning and post-spawning stages; the latter being quite well represented in June. In the females in May the spawning stage was not observed but the developing stage was recorded in about 20%, and the resting or recovering stage varied from 40 to 60% in the three months.

e. Age at first maturity

Only a very low percentage of the otoliths showed a well-defined first maturity ring. However, some of them showed the age at first maturity as 5, 6, and 7, but mainly 6. A very high percentage of the fishes sampled were in the immature stage.

Subarea 3

A. Status of the fisheries

The Portuguese cod fishery was most intensive in this Subarea. The trawlers operated in Div. 3K, 3L, 3M, 3N, 3O, 3P, and 3Ps. Landings in metric tons are shown below:

Div.	51de	Stern	Total
ЗК	3,758	1.734	5,492
3L	44,195	12,272	56,467
3M	3,673	3,599	7.272
3N	. 16	<i>.</i> –	16
30	111	-	111
3Pn	798	192	990
3Ps	81	-	81
<u>.</u>	52,632	17,797	70,429

The dory vessels visited only Div. 3L and 3N and took 13,265 tons and 1,617 tons, respectively; the gill net fishery took 4,524 tons in 3L, 4,442 tons in 3N, and only 403 tons in 30 (Table 2).

The best trawl catches were in March with 15,206 tons fished (12,241 tons by side trawlers, and 2,965 tons by stern trawlers). The total trawl catch was 70,429 tons,

52,632 tons by side trawlers and 17,797 tons by stern trawlers. The best dory vessel catch occurred in August, 4,549 tons. The total dory vessel catches amounted, in this area, to 14,882 tons (Table 4). The gill net fishery had reasonable catches in the second and third quarters of the year, mainly in June (2,440 tons) and July (2,012 tons). The total gill net catch was 12,190 tons (2,821 tons from Subarea 1 and 9,369 tons from Subarea 3) (Table 2, Fig. 2). The best monthly catch occurred in June (2,440 tons), July (2,012 tons) and October (1,649 tons) (Table 4, Fig. 3).

B. Special research studies

Samples for biological studies were collected from a trawler in Div. 3K and 3L as follows:

Div.	Samples	Date	Depth (m)	No. of lengths	No. of otoliths
3K	A	4-31 July	200-270	525	150
3K	В	1-6 August	230-310	440	65
Total 3M	ĸ			965	215
3L	С	2-14 April	200-265	1,450	300
3L	D	1-2 May	250	150	150
3L	E	15-28 June	190-240	1,650	250
Total 31		Second quart	er	3,250	700
3L	F	6-29 July	170-285	2,180	200
Total 31	se Se	cond and third	quarters	5,430	900
Total Subarea	3	<u> </u>		6,395	1,115

a. Length composition

Lengths (Fig. 7) ranged from 25 cm to 133 cm (3-cm classes); mean lengths in the samples were as follows:

A - 55.1 cm; B - 56.2; C - 49.1; D - 52.4; E - 54.7; F - 55.3.

b. Age composition

Ages ranged from 4 to 12 years and were mainly 5, 6, 7 and 8 years. In Div. 3K the dominant ages were 5, 6 and 7 in July, and 6, 7 and 5 in August. Div. 3L, in the second quarter of the year, showed mainly ages 5 and 6. In July, however, the age distribution was not so different from other second quarter distributions. There was also a very good percentage of 4 and 7-year-olds.

Mean ages for each of the samples were:

A - 6.4 years; B - 6.4 years; C - 5.4 years; D - 5.7 years; E - 5.8 years; F - 5.5 years.

c. Growth

Average length (cm) of cod fished by trawl and sampled during the third quarter as follows:

Div. 3K

Lengths (cm)

Year-class	Age-group	July	August	No. of fish
1967	IV	43.9	42.3	3
1966	v	46.0	48.3	35
1965	VI	54.0	54.2	58
1964	VII	59.6	59.5	62

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Year-class	Age-group	July	August	No, of fish
1963	VIII	66.0	65.2	34
1962	IX	70.4	70.0	16
1961	X	70,1	66.7	3
1960	XI	72.8	71.2	3
1959	XII	94.0	-	1

Div. 3K (continued)

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Div	•	3L

Year-class	Age-group	2nd Quarter			3rd Quarter		
		April	May	June	No. of fish	July	No. of fish
1968	TTT	35.6	40.0	40.0	2	41.0	10
1967	TV	40.9	43.3	42.3	43	44.8	40
1966	v	46.4	48.4	47.8	224	51.3	60
1965	VI	51.7	52.9	53.1	244	56.2	53
1964	VII	61.6	60.9	62.3	132	65.9	25
1963	VIII	69.6	68.2	69.7	41	70.9	9
1962	IX	77.5	79.0	78.2	8	76.0	2
1961	х	79.2	80.9	84.3	3	-	-
1 9 60	XI	85.0	-	91.0	2	91.0	1
1959	XII	76.0	76.0	76.0	1	-	-

d. Stage of maturity

Figure 8 shows the different stages of maturity (in percentage) observed in males and females during the third quarter of the year. In June or July in Div. 3K, the greater percentage of the fishes observed were in the resting or recovering and spawning stages; the females, showing a reasonable percentage in the spawning stage. The males in June also showed a significant proportion in the post-spawning stage.

In Div. 3L the fish were mainly in the resting or recovering stages and largely females; also there was an important percentage in the spawning, and resting or recovering stages, the post-spawning stages being better represented in the males, mainly in the third quarter of the year.

e. Age at first maturity

As in other Subareas the otoliths aged in Div. 3K and 3L did not show the age at maturity with any certainty. However, it was possible to estimate age at first maturity from some otoliths at age 6 and 7. The larger percentage of the otoliths were of such a condition that the determination of this parameter was not possible.

Subarea 4

A. Status of the fisheries

In this Subarea only the trawlers fished. They took 17,288 tons of which 12,506 tons were by side trawlers and 4,782 by stern trawlers. The vessels fished in Div. 4R, 4Vn and 4Vs but a reasonable tonnage, 17,144 tons, was only landed in 4R (Table 2).

The catches were made only during the first quarter of the year, mainly in February with 14,969 tons landed (Table 3).

The higher catch was made by the side trawler fleet with 10,499 tons in February, against 4,470 tons in the same period by the stern trawler fleet. The total catch by side trawlers was 12,506 tons and by stern trawlers, only 4,782 tons.



Fig. 1. Cod catch (in tons) by Portuguese fleet in ICNAF Area.



Fig. 2. Cod catch (in tons) by Portuguese fleet by subareas - 1971.

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Tons (10³)



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Fig. 4. Length frequencies - cod - otter trawl - Subarea 1, 1971.



Fig. 5. Length and age frequencies - cod - otter trawl - Div. 2J, 1971.











Fig. 7. Length and age frequencies - cod - otter trawl - Subarea 3, 1971.

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