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## Romanian Research Report, 1974

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In 1974 Romanian trawlers operated only in southern part of ICNAF Area, mainly in Subarea 5 and Stat. Area 6, from January to September.

Total romanian catches have shown a very small decrease, from lo 544 tons in 1973 to 9 890 tons in 1974. The comparative data are given below (metric tons):

===============================	========================		38 3922 22		
Subareas	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
Subarea 2 Subarea 3 Subarea 4 Subarea 5	4665 3274 85 2258	1034 2330 37 5026	1123 2889 2797	397 3005 1196	
Stat. Area 6	-	3669	2546	5946	6189
TOTAL	<b>lo</b> 282	12 096	9 355	lo 544	9 890

A few trawlers (4) have realized 524 days fished, mostly equally in both divisions: 264 days fished in 5 mainly in summer, and 260 days fished mainly in winter period.

Principal species caught were mackerel (70%) and herring (20%).

In comparison with previous years, species composition of annual catches is presented below:

	*****		========	======	3====
Species	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
Cod	4104	2795	2694	2671	3
Silver hake Red hake	184	658	168 43	48 2	329 200
Amer.plaice	1787	64 <b>0</b>	663	273	
Halibut Redfish	52 1224	55 229	165 387	80 310	0
Mackerel	687	4519	2517	5875	6966
Herring Scup	292	898	2156 12	296 375	2 <b>01</b> 9
Blueback	218	-	-	38	252
Bluefish Squids	=	4	- 67	153 - 153	ို
Other species	1734	2298	483	270	106
TOTAL	lo 282	12 096	9 355	lo 544	9 89 <b>0</b>
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#### Subarea 5

# A. STATUS OF THE FISHERIES

A number of 4 trawlers have fished from April to August mainly on George's Bank.

In 1974 total catch taken in Subarea 5, increased from 1196 tons in 1973 to 3701 tons.

The catch and fishing effort in this subarea, are given in the next table:

CATCH (metric tons)	-									
Div. Mackenel Herming Silver Red Deer Scuide Herman Deer										

DIV.	Mackerel	Herring	hake	hake		Squids	Hours fishing	Days fished	
5 Z e	149 <b>1</b>	<b>1</b> 549	2 <b>o</b> 4	149	8		2887	24 <b>1</b>	
5 Z w	237	43	5	-	20	2	·183	21	
5 Y	-	l	-	-	-	-	27	2	
TOTAL	1718	1593	209	149	28	2	309 <b>7</b>	264	

Months	Yield per hour tons/hour	Yield per day Tons/day
January	2.79	11.9
April	2.47	22.7
May	2.11	27.1
June	1.11	11.9
July	o.76	<b>10.</b> 6
August	0.71	8.5
September	o• 47	4.7
TOTAL	<b>1.</b> ; 19	14.0

During the whole period mean yield per day was 14 tons. The yields in succesive months are given below:

In comparison with the year 1973, the annual yield per unit of fishing effort decreased due to the poor catches taken from June to September.

Div.	1	973	l	974
	Tons/hour	Tons/day	Tons/hour	Tons/day
5 Z e	2.,1	17.o	1.18	14.2
5 Z w	<b>3</b> •,26	23,2	1.61	14. o
5 X	-	-	0•,05	o•7
TOTAL	2.68	19.6	1, 19	14.0

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B. SPECIAL RESEARCH STUDIES

1. Biological

a/<u>Mackerel</u>. In Subarea 5 a greater density of mackerel in winter and spring was observed. In the period from June to August loco fish were measured and 400 otoliths read for age.

Their length from 17 to 38 cm with the predominant range 33-35 cm in June and 22-24 cm in August. Their ages ranged from 1 to 9 years with 5,6 and 2 year-olds dominant.

In June dominated 1969 year-class, whereas in August dominated 1972 and 1973 year-classes.

Females were more numerous than males and their mean length was 32,78 cm. Mean length of males was 31.90 cm (fig.1).

Stage of maturity was pre-spawning and spawning in June, and post-spawning in August.

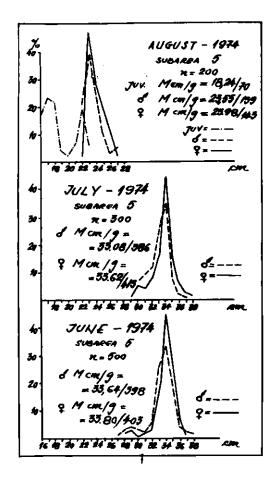


Fig.1 - Length frequency of mackerel from Subarea 5.

Percent of year class composition of mackerel caught in 1974:

				Year -	class			
1973	1972	1971	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966	1965
5.2				44.5				o• 8

b/ <u>Herring</u>. In 1974 herring catches were taken in Subarea 5 especially in 5 Ze from May to September, as is presented below:

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Months	Catch - 5 Z e		tons 5 Y						
January	<u> </u>	6.3							
April	71.2	6.0	-						
May	417.3	-	-						
June	286.8	30.2	-						
July	524.7	<b>-</b> .	-						
August	235 <u>.</u> 0	-	l. o						
September	14.2	-	-						
2222222222222222	~=========	-332222	222222						

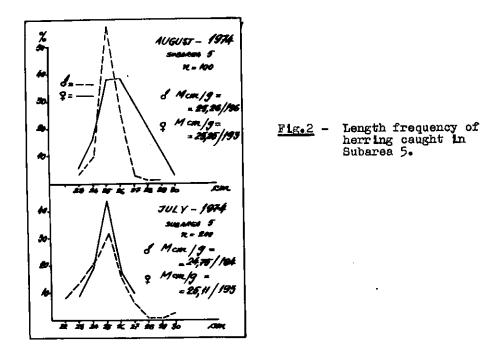
Length composition ranged from 22 to 30 cm, with the predominance of 24-26 cm length classes. (fig.2).

The majority of fishes were in III-IV stage of maturity. In August predominated individuals in IV stage. Age composition ranged from 3 to 8 year-olds. 1970 and 1969 year classes were dominants.

Percentage age composition of herring caught in Subarea 5 in 1974:

197o	1969	1968	1967	1966
52•3	29•7	2.7	9₹3	o.,7

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c/ <u>Silver hake</u>. In Subarea 5 the catch of sllver hake was 209 tons, 204 tons being taken in  $5 \ Z \ e_{\bullet}$ 

From measurements carried out in August, length composition ranged from 20 to 46 cm and corresponding weights from 63 to 890 grams. Lengths between 24-28 dominated. (fig.3).

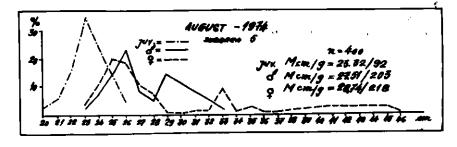


Fig.3 - Length frequency of silver hake caught in Subarea 5.

Age composition shows a dominance of 1970-1971-1972 year-classes; percent age composition is given below:

=====			========	== = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	22222	=2222552
			Year -			
]	972	1971	1970	1969	1968	<u>1967</u>
	27.3	45.3	19.7	4.0	2.3	1.4
====	====		========		====	=======

### Statistical Area 6.

# A. STATUS OF THE FISHERIES.

In this subarea, 4 trawlers operated during mainly the five months of the year. Total catch has shown a very small increase from 5946 in 1973 to 6189 in 1974. About 52% from this catch was taken in 6 A.

The catch and fishing effort are presented below:

C===2		======;			ATCH	====== _ met:	is====	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		:== <b>=#</b> 23
Div.	Ma- ckerel	He- rring			Red	Dog-			Hours fishing	Days fished
6 4	2685	329	52	67	39	37	6	4	1428	131
6 B	1833	97	155	40	12	24	-	3	797	lo 3
60	730	-	45	13	-	16	-	. –	196	26
	5248	426	252	120	51	77	6	7_	2421	260

The species composition was net dominated by mackerel-83%.

The best yields were realized in February - March in 6 C (see below):

=========== Months	6 A	Tons 6 B	per day	Total
January	24.4	18.,1	-	21.0
February	33.4	28.5	44 <sub>•</sub> 4	31.7
March	19.6	12.6	26.9	19.1
April	26.4	23•,5	-	25.4
May	25.4	20.4		24.6
June	<b>lo.</b> 2	12.0	-	10.8
Total	24.6	21.0	30•j9	23.8
	czz=g=	*====		****

In comparison with previous year, yields per unit of fishing effort were greater, as is presented below:

		1974 Tons/hour Tons/day								
2,78	24.5	2.25	24.6							
2.23	21.6	2.71	21.ºo							
_	-	4.10	30.9							
2.40	21.8	2.56	23.8							
	<u>Tons/hour</u> 2.78 2.23 -	2.23 21.6	Tons/hour Tons/day Tons/hour   2.78 24.5 2.25   2.23 21.6 2.71   - - 4.10							

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B. SPECIAL RESEARCH STUDIES

1. Biological

a/ <u>Mackerel</u>. A greater density of mackerel during first quarter was observed. Fork length measurements ranged from 24 to 42 cm. Mean length was 33,94 in January and 32,64 cm in April.

The great differences between sexes length were not registered.

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Stage of maturity shows a dominance of III stage in majority of individuals. IV stage is more evident at males in April.

Age composition ranged from 2 to 10 year-olds with 3 to 7 year-olds dominants. Percentage age composition is presented below:

=======================================										
1973 1	972	1971	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966	1965	1964	
0.2										

1968 and 1969 year-classes were more abundant.

b/ <u>Blueback</u>. Appeared in small quantities in mackerel captures. During February-March, length ranged from 16 to 27 cm with groups of 20-24 cm dominants.

Age composition ranged from 3 to 6 year-olds. 1970 year-class represented 65% from the total measurements.

Stage III of maturity was more evident at males, whereas II. II-III stages were more frequent at females.

c/ <u>Menhaden</u>. Measurements were carried out in February. Length composition ranged from 17 to 32 cm and 21 to 22 cm were dominants (over 50%).

Age composition was dominated by 3 year-old group, but ranged from 2 to 5 year-olds.

Majority of individuals were in II stage of maturity, more evident at males.

d/ <u>Silver hake</u>. Romanian trawlers did not fish intentionally for silver hake, but they caught it occasionally in mackerel captures.

Measurements were carried out in February and their lengths ranged from 28 to 42 cm. The 32 to 35 cm groups dominated.

Age composition ranged from 3 to lo year-olds with predominance of 4, 5 and 6 year-olds (over 85%). 1969 and 1970 year-classes were more abundant.

Stage of maturity shows that males were in majority in II-III stage and females were in II, II-III and III stages.